All the News
For Twelve Cents
Per Week.
Try
THE MORNING STAR,

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Week of Instruction
—AT—
A. D. BROWN'S,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK
No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

We call the attention of Dressmakers and Ladies in general to the arrival of our

New Dress Goods

We are displaying a great variety of patterns beautiful to look upon and not too expensive to own.

A TARIFF REDUCTION OF
30 Per Ct.
places them within easy reach of all.

Feast on the richest crop of bargains that the Ladies of Wilmington have ever known. Read the items.

Dress Goods,
COLORED.

Silk Finished Henriettas, 20 twill, former price 95c, less 30 per cent., our price 65c per yard.

38-inch Silk Finished Henriettas, 20 twill, former price 55c, less 30 per cent., our price 37½c per yard.

44 inch Colored French Serge, former price 85c, less 30 per cent., our price 60c per yard.

38-inch Colored all-wool French Serge, former price 58c, less 30 per cent., our price 40c per yard.

54-inch Habit Cloth, all wool, former price $1.10. less 30 per cent., our price 75c per yard.

54-inch Habit Cloth, all wool, former price 85c, less 30 per cent., our price 60c per yard.

54 inch Habit Cloth, former price 58c, less 30 per cent., our price 40c per yard.

54 inch Broadcloth, former price $1 45, less 30 per cent., our price $1 per yard.

Novelty Effects in Waffle Wears.

The best selection in the city and just arrived, only 37½c, 40c and 45c per yard.

The remnant of our last year's stock sacrificed.

Light shades in Novelty Wears at 37½c, worth 65c.

A line of Black Diagonals at 25c, worth 50c.

A spring line of Cloakings to please the trade is among the arrivals.

Black.

"Let a woman wear black and white if she wishes to be stylishly gowned" remarked a fashionable Modiste the other day.

"There is a certain chic air about the combination which is most attractive."

44 inch Black Henriettas, all wool, former price $1 00, less 30 per cent., our price 75c per yard.

38 inch Black Henriettas, all wool, former price 95c, less 30 per cent., our price 65c per yard.

38-inch Black Henriettas, all wool, former price 75c, less 30 per cent., our price 50c per yard.

40-inch Black Henriettas, all wool, former price 65c, less 30 per cent., our price 45c per yard.

36-inch Black Henriettas, all wool, former price 58c, less 30c per cent., our price 40c per yard.

Black Henriettas, silk warp, former price $1 45, less 30 per cent., our price $1.00 per yard.

Black Bedford, silk warp, former price $1.45, less 30 per cent., our price $1.00 per yard.

Silk warp Henriettas, former price, $2 25, less 30 per cent., our price $1 50 per yard.

ROYATINE, the newest wear, $1.80, less 30 per cent., our price $1 25 per yard.

Black Fancy Shot Granites, all wool, former price 95c, less 30 per cent., our price 65c per yard.

Black Fancy Shot Bengalines, former price $1 25, less 30 per cent., our price 85c per yard.

Black silk warp Bedfords, former price 65c, less 30 per cent., our price 50c per yard.

Black Batiste, all wool, former price 95c, less 30 per cent., our price 65c per yard.

Black and White Mohair, former price 85c, less 30 per cent., our price 60c per yard.

Fancy Mohair, former price 85c less 30 per cent., our price 60c per yard.

Fancy Mohair, former price 75c, less 30 per cent., our price 50c per yard.

Black Plain Mohair, former price 58c, less 30 per cent., our price 40c per yard.

Black Shepard's Plaid, all wool, former price 65, less 30 per cent, our price 45c per yard.

Black and White Serge, all wool, former price 65c, less 30 per cent., our price 45c per yard.

Black Bengaline Tissue, 50 inch, former price $1.10, less 30 per cent., our price 75c per yard.

Black Sebastopol, 38-inch, former price $1 10, less 30 per cent., our price 75c per yard.

46-inch French Serge 30 twill, former price $1 45, less 30 per cent., our price $1 00.

50-inch French Serge 18 twill, former price $1 25, less 30 per cent., our price 85c per yard.

42-inch French Serge, 16 twill, former price 85c, less 30 per cent., our price 60c per yard.

44-inch French Serge, 15 twill, former price 75c, less 30 per cent, our price 50c per yard.

38-inch French Serge, 15 will, former price 58c, less 30 per cent., our price 40c per yard.

56-inch Black and Blue Storm Serges, former price $2 50, less 30 per cent., our price $1 75 per yard.

56-inch Black and Blue Storm Serges, former price $1.80, less 30 per cent., our price $1 25 per yard.

56 inch Black and Blue Storm Serges, 50@75c, former price 75c and $1.10 per yard.

We have not forgotten the Debutants: Evening shades in China and Florentine Silks, Henriettas, Glorias and Mousseline de Sole are sure to please.

We are Agents for SMITH & ANGELL'S Prime Black Cotton Hose.

Ladies' Hose S. & A. black, 25c, were 35c.
" " " " " 38½c, " 50c
" " " " " 50c, " 65c

A full line of Childr'n's S. & A. black hose 50 pieces English Percales just received. Exquisite patterns and only 12½c per yard.

jan 27 tf No. 9 N. FRONT St.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LV.—NO. 114. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, JANUARY 27, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,650

If You Want
ALL THE NEWS
IN GOOD SHAPE,
Read
THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Greatest

Bankrupt

STOCK

—OF—

MODERN TIMES.

The following telegram was received from our Mr. KATZ, who is in New York and secured a part of this Bankrupt stock.

KATZ & POLVOGT,
Wilmington, N. C.

I have shipped thirty cases Dry Goods, Notions and Fancy Goods by Clyde Line at fifty cents on the dollar from the Bankrupt Stock of Lichtenstein & Sons.

R. I. KATZ.

On account of

Stock Taking

Feb. 1st,

We will not place this

STOCK ON SALE

BEFORE

Monday, February 4th,

With Lichtenstein & Sons' price remaining and ours on the side.

Mail orders will be filled as far as possible, or as long as the goods remain unsold.

Watch our special Advertisement in next Sunday's issue.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

116 Market Street.

WILMINGTON, N. C.
Jan 27 tf

Cash Paid
—FOR—
Beeswax.

If you have some to sell ship it to us and we will allow you
30 CENT PER POUND
for it in Boston and no charge for Commission or or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
Boston, Mass.
jan 27 tf Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf.

Concert.

At HILTON PARK, 3:30 to 5 p. m. by Prof. Tressolar's Orchestra.
jan 27 1t

OUTLINES

The Senate yesterday endorsed President Cleveland's policy of non-intervention in Hawaiian affairs; in the House Mr. Wilson, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, made some striking statements regarding the financial outlook of the National Treasury. —— Gold exports for the past week amounted to over $6,000,000. —— The gold reserve in the Treasury continues to decrease; it is believed that the President has decided to call the attention of Congress to the Treasury situation. —— A cyclone causes considerable damage in Louisiana and Alabama; two persons were killed and several wounded. —— The Business Men's Association of Norfolk, Va., have started a subscription for the erection of a cotton mill there. —— Marine disaster—twelve lives lost in the storm on Long Island Sound Friday night. —— Mexico and Guatemala—a special Envoy sent to Mexico to negotiate an adjustment of difficulties. —— Two ladies were stopped by a highwayman near Birmingham, Ala., and robbed of their cash and valuables. —— The Brooklyn strike—Judge Gaynor issues an alternative writ of mandamus allowing officers of the railroad lines twenty days to answer; the strike continues, but there are few disturbances; troops are still under arms; there may yet be serious trouble. —— Late foreign news—departure of Chinese Peace Envoys from Shanghai for Japan; Chinese forces defeated at Sao-Yang; the French Ministerial crisis. —— Report of yesterday's Chicago grain and provision market. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— New York markets: Money on call 1@1½ per cent; cotton dull and easy; middling gulf 5 15-16c; middling uplands 5 11-16 cents; Southern flour dull and weak; common to fair extra $1.90@2 80; good to choice do. $2.90@3 40; wheat dull, ½c lower, closing firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 57@57¼ cents; afloat 58¼@58¾ cents; corn dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 48¾@49 cents; afloat 50@50¾ cents; spirits turpentine dull and easy at 29½ cents; rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1.35@1.40.

It took a good deal of stuff to dress up some of the stylish Egyptian mummies. A thousand yards were recently unrolled from one.

It is said that Senator Gorman receives a bushel of letters every day. Most of them are of a kind that he doesn't care to read and that do not require an answer.

Knute Nelson, the wily Norwegian, knocked out Senator Washburn, of Minnesota, and gets his seat. He did it with one majority. That was the one which Washburn failed to "see."

Carriage hire and luncheons last year for her Alderman cost Boston $20,000. One of them who was averse to walking ran up a bill of $408, but it is not stated whether he also ran a livery stable.

Lambertsville, N. J., trots out among its latest curiosities a ghost who saws wood. This is probably the ghost of some departed politician. But such ghosts should be encouraged as an example to tramps.

It is said that Col. Breckinridge feels very much hurt by the dead failure of his recent lecture tour, in which the people let him so severely alone. This shows that there is still something that can hurt him. Madeline is getting her revenge.

Hon. Charles Pelham Villiers enjoys the distinction of being "the father" of the British House of Commons. He has represented his burrough continuously for 60 years, and in all that time has behaved so well that he hasn't made a half dozen speeches, and they were short. He is 94 years old.

A contemporary asks "what be comes of the toys?" The propounder of this conundrum must be a bachelor with little experience in the toy business. The dismembered trunks of dolls, and shattered remains of other toys, to be found in the average family where children abound, would answer the conundrum.

Four out of the five Presidents France has had since 1871 have resigned, and the other was assassinated. The men who resigned gave up a salary of $360,000 a year, too. Frenchmen are very peculiar. The American who would resign an office with such a salary as that would be a phenomenon even in this phenomenal age.

Japan must now move cautiously. The Chinese Emperor has bought six two-edged swords for Prince Kung, Li Hung Chang, Li Hung Tsao, Wong Tung Ho, Kong Hi and Gen. Von Hannikin. This is understood to be equivalent to authority to chop off anybody's head they want to (except the Emperor's), including the Japanese invaders.

Cable reports from Paris say that it was family jars that caused the resignation of President Casimir-Perier, who resigned that he might as a private citizen institute proceedings for divorce from his wife, who is also his cousin. But there is another side to the story and this says that the man is the sinner, and that if there are any divorce proceedings they will be instituted by the wife. This gives France not only a new President but a great big scandal to discuss at the same time.

Senator Sherman says there should be no politics in the effort to furnish the Government the revenue needed. But when it comes to ringing in politics in a sly way, Senator Sherman is never backward in coming forward. He is as sly as he is frigid.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. A. SPRINGER—Coal.
CASH—Paid for beeswax.
W. & W. R. R.—Schedule.
A. F. GRAY—Cotton mills.
CONCERT—At Hilton Park.
W., N. & N. R. R.—Schedule.
OPERA HOUSE—Free lectures.
HEINSBERGER—Victor bicycle.
RACKET STORE—A new thing.
DOZIER & LEE—Seed potatoes.
STEDMAN & WORTH—Insurance.
J. HICKS BUNTING—Hair grower.
OPERA HOUSE—Robert Downing.
J. H. REHDER & CO.—Remember.
JAS. D. NUTT—Something in this.
J. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.—Goods in season
G. R. FRENCH & SON—Above comp'n.
C. E. GORDON—Odds and ends sale.
W. B. COOPER—Consignments wanted
A. D. BROWN—A week of instruction.
W. E. SPRINGER & CO.—Hardware.
KATZ & POLVOGT—Greatest bankrupt stock of modern times.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

P. H. HAYDEN—Buggies, harness.
FOR SALE—Pool and billiard table.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Capt. Rod MacRae is on the sick list.

— Mr. A. H. Elberhart, of Sumter, S. C., is in town.

— Dr. E. Porter, of Rocky Point, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. A. Brown, of Chadbourn, was in the city yesterday.

— Dr. D. J. Watson, of Southport, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

— Mr. Percy Munson, who has been on the sick list, is out again.

— Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Barrentine have returned from New York city.

— Mr. W. G. Burkhead, of Columbus county, was here yesterday.

— Mr. John Earnest Graves, of Jacksonville, N. C., is here visiting friends.

— Sheriff Sutton, of Bladen county, was visiting friends in the city yesterday.

— Mr. E. J. Hale, Jr., of the Fayetteville *Observer*, was in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. A. B. Anderson and W. H. Butters, of Hub, were visitors in the city yesterday.

— Capt. Joe Price was not quite so well yesterday morning, but his physicians are hopeful of his recovery.

— Mr. J. C. Higgins, of Rocky Mount, assistant train master of the Atlantic Coast Line, and Captain W. H. Newell, train master of the N. & C. R. R were in the city yesterday.

— Capt. Wm. S. Warrock has so far recovered from his sickness as to be able to walk down town. He expects to be at his post of duty in the STAR Job Department (a position he has held nearly thirty years) to-morrow.

— Messrs. F. T. Mills, Whiteville; J. H. Lewis, Hamlet; George Thompson, Castle Hayne; T. P. Armfield, N. C.; Bruce Williams, Burgaw; J. G. Sergeant, Fayetteville; J. W. Johnson and son, Marion, and W. B. Stevens, Southport, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

The Criminal Court.

Petitions are being circulated here, to be forwarded to the Legislature, asking that body to permit the Criminal Court of New Hanover county to remain as it is. The petitions are receiving many signatures; and, since some objection has been made to this Court on the ground of its expense, it is worthy of note that those who pay the largest amounts of taxes are very largely represented among the signers.

There seems to be no doubt that the sentiment among the tax-payers of Wilmington is very largely in favor of retaining the Criminal Court; but whether or not this fact will have its proper influence with the present Legislature is a problem that has not yet been solved.

A Sad Accident in Columbus.

Maggie L. Spaulding, colored, 29 years old, met with a terrible accident in Welch's Creek township, Columbus county, last Wednesday. She was engaged, with her husband, Jonathan Spaulding, in burning brush heaps in a new-ground on their farm, when her clothing took fire. Her husband was some distance away, but, hearing her screams, rushed to the rescue and worked heroically to save her, both his hands being badly burned before he succeeded in extinguishing the flames. But it was too late; and, after lingering in great agony, she died Friday night.

Jonathan, the husband, is a son of J. W. Spaulding, who has for many years been a successful business man at Rosindale, Bladen county, and who is well known and highly respected in that section.

Magistrate's Court.

"General" Atkins, a colored citizen from Bladen county, came to town yesterday to get his share of the proceeds from the sale of an ox, stolen from Mr. W. C. Kelly, of that county, by Geo Stanley, colored, who was arrested in this city and sent to jail last Thursday for the theft. The "General" was also arrested when the purport of his visit was made known, and after examination was sent to jail by Justice Bunting, in default of bail.

Remember to-morrow is Davis & Zoeller's Bargain Day. †

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— For other locals see fourth page.

— For other new advertisements, see fourth page.

— Rev. R. E. Peele's subject at Brooklyn Baptist Church to-night will be "The Second Elijah."

— Five timber rafts from up Cape Fear river arrived late last evening, and more are expected to-day.

— There are some slight changes in the schedule of the W. N. and N. Railway, beginning to-day.

— A car on the W., N. & N. R. R. ran off the track at the foot of Mulberry street yesterday but no damage resulted.

— Brig *Arcadia* cleared yesterday for Kingston, Ja., with 125,316 feet lumber and 800,000 shingles, value, $2,984.01, shipped by Jas. H. Chadbourn & Co.

— The box sheet for Robert Downing in *David Garrick* and *French Marriage* at the Opera House Wednesday evening will open to-morrow morning at Yates'.

— A gentleman at Smithfield who recently ordered the DAILY STAR discontinued on account of the "hard times, now writes: "I feel lost without the STAR. Please send, as heretofore, to Smithfield."

— A petition from the Baptist State convention favoring the withdrawal of State aid from the University and using the appropriation for the public schools was presented in the Legislature yesterday.

— At last it has been discovered what distinguished position Butler and Pritchard will occupy in the United States Senate. They will be the two youngest Senators from any State. Thanks, awfully, that they can head some sort of a procession.

— Friday night the office of Messrs. Vollers & Hashagen, near the A. C. L. depot, on Nutt street, was broken open and an unsuccessful attempt made to open the safe. The firm found papers from the desk scattered around the office yesterday morning, but nothing was taken.

— A change of schedule goes into effect on the W. & W. and the W. C. & A. railroads to-day. The Northern train heretofore leaving at 9.00 a. m. will leave at 9.30 a. m. The Southern train heretofore arriving at 11.00 a. m. will arrive at 11.50 a. m. These are the only changes affecting Wilmington.

— A telegram received from Mr. R. R. Love, yesterday, dated Elizabethtown, says the steamer *Frank Sessoms* reached there at 1.30 p. m., having been delayed by the storm, which made it necessary to "tie up" Friday night. The steamer *Navassa* broke down somewhere on the route, and the *Sessoms* took her flat in tow.

Musical Entertainment at the Y. M. C. A. Tuesday Night.

An elaborate programme has been arranged for the entertainment to be given at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium next Tuesday night for the benefit of Brooklyn Baptist Church. The best amateur talent in Wilmington will take part in the performance. Misses Minnie Schwarz and Annie Stolter will sing solos, and a quintette club—Messrs. W. T. Johnson, W. A. Martin, Misses Bessie Burtt, Fannie Corbett and Norma Foster—will give a series of musical acts which they say have never been excelled in Wilmington.

The A. C. L. and the S. A. L.

A correspondent of the STAR writes from Weldon that the A. C. L. authorities are having a survey made from that place to Garysburg and it is thought that the company will in the near future build a bridge across the Roanoke river there.

The S. A. L. train No. 88, from Atlanta, which has been arriving at Weldon late recently, is now running on time.

The A. C. L. trains Nos. 23 and 78 have not been behind a half-dozen times this season.

K. of P. Benefit.

The STAR is informed that Mr. Downing, who appears at the Opera House here on Wednesday night, has kindly consented to make his performance a special benefit for the Zeb. Vance Division No. 1, Uniform Rank, K. of P. Mr. Downing is a very prominent member of the Order and will no doubt receive a cordial welcome from the many Pythians in Wilmington. Tickets will be on sale by the following members of the division: Knight Herald Jas. D. Nutt; Sir Knight I. L. Greenwald; Sir Knight J. J. Hopkins; Sir Knight W. N. Jacobs; Sir Knight Wm. Atkinson and others.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 27.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 61°; 8 p. m 54°; maximum, 64°; minimum, 54°; mean, 59.

Rainfall for the day ,118; rainfall for the month up to date 2.46 inches.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, fair; colder in eastern portion; westerly winds.

For South Carolina, fair; colder except in extreme western portion, westerly winds.

Meeting at the Produce Exchange.

The STAR is requested to say that there will be a meeting of business men at the Produce Exchange Monday at 12.30 o'clock to take action in regard to the purchase of the Sprunt residence for the Catherine Kennedy Home for Aged Women. The ministers of all denominations are asked to be present.

Remember the free lecture this afternoon at the Opera House, and learn about the Lord's coming. †

STATE LEGISLATURE.

A UNIFORM SYSTEM OF COUNTY GOVERNMENT TO BE ESTABLISHED.

County Commissioners to be Elected by Cumulative Suffrage—A Bill on This Line to be Framed and Reported as Soon as Possible—An Amusing Debate in the Senate on a Bill Concerning School Committeemen.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., January 26.

SENATE.

The Senate was called to order at 11 a m by President Doughton, and prayer was offered by Rev Mr Tuttle, of Raleigh. The Journal was read and approved.

Mr Long offered a petition from Whiteville against division of the corporation; also, a petition from Ransom township against transfer.

Mr Grant, a petition from the Baptist State Convention regarding expenditures for education in the State. This petition favors the withdrawal of State aid from the University and using it for the public schools.

Mr Hoover introduced a bill to admit the Farmers' Alliance to the same privileges as other benevolent societies.

Mr Westmoreland, a bill to incorporate the Charlotte and Mecklenburg railroad.

Mr Grant, a bill to require examination of teachers in public schools; also, a bill to regulate appropriations to the University.

Mr Moody, a bill to regulate the employment of labor.

Mr Hoover, a bill to amend the Code for the relief of graduates in dentistry.

Mr Black, a bill to restore Jonathan Duncan, of McDowell, to citizenship.

Mr Ammons, a bill to amend the Code in regard to the public school laws.

Mr Adams, a bill to prohibit sale of liquor within one mile of Poplar Spring Church.

Mr Dowd, to prohibit sale of liquor in two miles of Emanuel Church, in Union county.

Bill to amend the public printing law so as to make it read "em quad" instead of "quad em" passed second reading. On third reading Mr. Starbuck, Republican, of Guilford, said he was opposed to the passage of any sort of bill other than one to let the public printing to the lowest responsible bidder. After some further discussion the bill was re-referred to the committee.

Bill for the relief of James A. Crews, late sheriff of Granville county, passed third reading.

Bill to incorporate the Farmers' and Planters' Bank of Louisburg passed third reading.

Bill to change the time of holding the Superior Courts of Craven and Bertie counties passed third reading.

Bill to change the time of holding the Superior Courts of Harnett county passed third reading.

Bill to change the time of holding the Superior Courts of Cumberland county passed third reading.

Bill to allow the Board of Aldermen of Charlotte to levy a special tax for the public schools passed second reading.

Bill to provide for teaching music in the public schools of the State was, without debate, laid upon the table.

Bill regulating the eligibility of school committeemen, requiring them to have children of school age, was taken up and caused considerable discussion. Mr. Moody offered an amendment providing that there shall be a lady member of each school committee. This occasioned some merriment and pleasantry, but Mr. Moody insisted that he offered his amendment in good faith, and he warmly championed it and paid a glowing tribute to the ladies and to their fitness for this work. The gallery was filled with ladies and Mr. Moody was generously applauded.

Mr Mewborne and Mr White strongly endorsed Mr Moody's amendment. Mr Marshall added his influence in favor of the ladies. Mr Carver, the gallant Senator from Cumberland, also came in with his approval of the amendment. Mr Cook offered an amendment providing that the lady shall be an unmarried lady. Mr Grant paid a tribute to the lady teachers of North Carolina. Mr McCoskey offered the first opposition to the amendment of Mr Moody. Mr Brown spoke in favor of the amendment, and Mr Starbuck opposed it, declaring that the ladies did not want this position. He moved to lay the whole matter upon the table, and Mr Fortune called for the ayes and noes. The vote was taken and the Senate refused to lay upon the table by a vote of 35 to 8.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Mr. Moody's amendment was adopted by a close vote and a number of amendments passed excepting various counties. Finally one of these amendments was laid upon the table, and this carried the bill with it. The Senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

House met at 10 o'clock, the Speaker in the chair. Prayer by Rev. D. H. Tuttle, of this city.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS.

Mr Lusk, memorial of the Baptist State Convention on Education.

Mr Wooten, petition of citizens of Lenoir county for the repeal of merchant's tax.

REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES.

The following bills were reported from the Judiciary Committee:

To amend section 1276 of the Code; favorable.

To amend chapter 297, Laws of 1893; re-referred to Finance Committee.

To repeal chapter 146, Laws of 1893; unfavorable.

To repeal sections 581, 582, 583 and 584 of the Code; unfavorable.

To define duties of Superior Court clerks; unfavorable.

To prevent dealing in witness and jury tickets. Recommend substitute.

For the relief of Superior Court Clerk of Clay county; favorable.

To amend section 1896 of the Code; favorable.

To amend section 1 chapter 147, Laws of 1887; favorable.

To prevent sale of liquor near Conway Church, Caldwell county; favorable.

To allow Commissioners of Hyde county to levy special tax; re-referred to Committee on Finance.

In regard to stock in Chatham county; unfavorable.

To protect game in Clay county; unfavorable.

In regard to working convicts in Lincoln county; favorable.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

Mr French, resolution to ascertain the expense of contestant in the case of Croom vs. Ward.

Mr French, resolution that all bills appropriating money shall finally go to the Committee on Finance.

Mr Young, resolution granting use of Hall to colored citizens for emancipation meeting Feb. 6, 1895.

Mr McKenzie (by request), resolution to pay expenses in the contested election case of Croom vs. Ward.

Mr Campbell, bill to restore Mitchell county to Ninth Congressional District.

Mr Ray, to provide for just distribution of school funds on basis of school population.

Mr Aiken, to authorize the Secretary of State to correct land grant 3,898.

Mr Winborne, bill to perpetuate court records.

Mr Turner, to incorporate the town of Columbus, Polk county.

Mr Lusk, to amend an act to incorporate South Biltmore, Buncombe county.

Mr Taylor, to allow town of Fayetteville to establish an electric light and motor power.

Mr Robinson, to incorporate Steele's Mills, Robeson county.

Mr Chilcott, to amend chapter 180, Laws of 1885.

Mr. Henderson, to repeal chapter 265, Laws of 1893.

Mr Michael, to create Beach Mountain township, Watauga county.

Mr Bean, to protect fish in Randolph county.

Mr Vickery, to incorporate the town of East-Durham, Durham county.

Mr McLeod, for relief of Mary M. Holder.

Mr Williams, of Craven, bill to amend chapter 66, Private Laws of 1879.

Mr Williams, of Craven (by request), for relief of W M Watson, Clerk Superior Court of Craven county.

Mr Williams, of Craven, for the relief of citizens of Woodale township, Person county.

Mr McCall, to amend chapter 134, Laws of 1885. Relates to roads and highways.

Mr Petree, to amend chapter 448, Laws of 1893.

The bill of Mr White, of Bladen, for the relief of ex-Sheriff W J Sutton, of Bladen (being a two per cent. penalty amounting to $1 900), passed its several readings and was ordered engrossed and sent to Senate.

Bill appropriating $8,848.00 for furnishing a portion of the Insane Asylum, was placed upon its several readings and passed.

Bill to amend the charter of the Murfreesboro Railroad, placed on several readings and passed.

Bill to incorporate the town of South-Biltmore in Buncombe county, passed second reading, and was placed on calendar.

Bill to make a new county out of Richmond county was made special order for next Tuesday at 11 o'clock.

Bill to allow every county in North Carolina to establish a branch of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company of Greensboro, was taken up, but on objection of Mr Ray, was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The chief feature of the House this afternoon was a question of personal privilege by Mr. Peebles in reply to a charge by the *Caucasian* that he was a "political claim jumper." Mr. Peebles, in a speech of some length, defended his political record.

In speaking of the question of the action of the General Assembly on county government to-night a prominent member of the special committee in charge of the matter said that it was a settled fact that the system of county government will be absolutely uniform throughout the State. He also stated that the County Commissioners will be elected by cumulative suffrage. The bill will be framed on this line and reported as early as possible.

CUMBERLAND COURT.

Cameron Acquitted of the Charge of Murder.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., January 26.—The Superior Court adjourned to-day. In the case of the State against Cameron, for the killing of Brewer, at Manchester, in this county, Sunday evening last, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty. Judge Norwood will open Court in Lumberton Monday.

OPERA HOUSE.

Robert Downing Next Wednesday Night in "David Garrick," and "French Marriage."

Robert Downing, the distinguished American tragedian who appears at the Opera House next Wednesday evening, needs no introduction to the theatregoers of Wilmington. From the beginning of his career to the present, when he is in the mouth of every one as the legitimate successor in heavy tragedy of the great masters of the art, Forrest and McCulloch, Mr. Downing's rise in public estimation, keeping pace with his art, has been steady and constant, and so great has been his success that he now stands at the head of his profession as the exponent of the noblest characters of the stage. At the request of many of our theatre-goers, Mr. Downing will appear in *David Garrick*, in which he is said to have made a great hit, and *French Marriage*. He will be supported by a strong company of legitimate players, headed by that beautiful and talented actress, Eugenie Blair. The costumes worn in each of these plays are most elaborate and historically correct. New and appropriate scenery will be used and the plays will be elegantly staged.

County Commissioners.

A special meeting of the Board of Commissioners of New Hanover county was held yesterday for the purpose of electing a clerk to the Committee on Finance of the Board, made vacant by the death of Capt. S. W. Vick. There were present at the meeting Commissioners H. A. Bagg (chairman), B. G. Worth, E. L. Pearce, J. C. Stevenson and B. S. Montford.

It was ordered by the Board that the salary of the clerk be fixed at $50 per month

Several applications for the position were read, when on motion of Commissioner Montford, seconded by Commissioner Stevenson, Commissioner Worth cast the vote for the Board. Commissioner Worth cast the vote for Col. Jas. G. Burr, and the chairman declared that Col. Burr was unanimously elected clerk to the Finance Committee.

The Board then adjourned.

Cold Wave.

The Weather Bureau yesterday reported a cold wave coming and that the temperature—then in the neighborhood of seventy degrees—would fall to thirty degrees by Sunday night.

Kid gloves of standard makes; fine dress goods of dainty styles; all kinds of dress trimmings, at the old and well known dry goods house of A. D. Brown. †

THE TALK OF THE TOWN.

That the Pop.-Replican Legislators are "out for the dust."

That a two-dollar umbrella wasn't worth a cent to the wayfarer Friday night.

That the Associated Charities is doing a great work for the poor of Wilmington.

That the present Legislature will do nothing that is not intended for partisan advantage.

That the Criminal Courts of New Hanover and Mecklenburg counties should not be abolished.

That Friday night beat the record for a grand combination of thunder, lightning, wind and water.

That a stock company should be organized for the purpose of having a big Welcome Week every year.

That Wilmington ought to have a dozen more cotton factories and other manufacturing enterprises.

That Princess street, between Water and Front streets, should have a decent roadway of Belgian blocks.

That everybody who can spare a dollar, or more, a week should take stock in the new cotton factory.

That the "fool-killer" ought to go to Raleigh and remain until the Legislature (or what he leaves of it) adjourns.

That the present Congress should either do something for the relief of the country or adjourn and go home.

That liberal contributions should be made for the purchase of the Sprunt property for the "Old Ladies' Home."

That steps should be taken to induce some of the dissatisfied New England mill owners to come to Wilmington.

That every citizen of Wilmington should make it a rule to patronize home merchants instead of sending orders to the North.

That some enterprising people should take hold of the works of the Industrial Manufacturing Company and make money as well as baskets, crates, dishes and barrels.

SUPERIOR COURT.

A Number of Cases Disposed of at Yesterday's Session.

The Superior Court yesterday disposed of a number of cases on the calendar.

Judgment for defendants was given in four cases in which Junius Davis, receiver of the Bank of New Hanover, is plaintiff and M. E. Loeb, H. H. Kasprowitz and S. H. Fishblate, defendants.

Cumberland, Dugan & Co. vs. Jno. C. Stout and Roger Moore. Compromised.

Mildred A. Sherwood vs. Richard Sherwood. Divorce granted.

Navassa Guano Company vs. S. G. Price. Judgment.

Jno. A. Thompson, *et al.*, vs. Julius W. Taylor, *et al.* Non-suit.

David Scott vs. New York and Wilmington Steamship Co. Non-suit.

A. David vs. Jno. L. Maffitt and Jas. Corbett. Judgment by default.

Junius Davis, receiver, vs. Peter Maher and wife and Adrian & Vollers. Judgment.

Hanson & Smith vs. Argyle Lumber and Shingle Company. Motion for removal denied; defendant ordered to file answer in sixty days.

Junius Davis, receiver, vs. B. G. Empie. Judgment.

Geo. R. French & Sons vs. J. M. Powell. Judgment.

Sarah Frink vs. Mary Robinson and her husband, Sandy Robinson. Non-suit.

A. H. Slocumb, administrator of W. P. Elliott vs. The American Accident Insurance Company. Motion made by defendant to remove to U. S. Circuit Court granted.

In the afternoon Court took recess until 10 a. m. Monday.

FRIDAY NIGHT'S STORM.

Several Buildings Struck by Lightning—No Serious Damage Done.

The lightning Friday night, during the storm of wind and rain, struck several houses in the city, yet fortunately no one was hurt and no very serious damage resulted.

Mayor Fishblate's residence, on Market street near Ninth, was struck, a chimney cracked and the slate roofing torn up. In a room on the second floor a carpet and rug were ruined. The family were all down-stairs at the time and no one was affected by the shock. Mr. Fishblate estimates the damage at about $350.

The kitchen of Mr. Julius Reaves, on Second between Castle and Queen streets, was also struck. The chimney and flue were knocked down and a stove-pipe torn to pieces. No other damage was done.

A house belonging to Mr. Robt. Smith, corner of Ninth and Orange streets, was also struck. A hole was torn in the roof and some weatherboarding knocked off, and three chickens under the house were killed.

At other residences in the city there were electrical visitations that were somewhat startling, but no damage.

The rainfall was heavy, amounting to 1.38 inches.

City Markets.

There were a few white shad on sale yesterday at $1.00 per pair; New River oysters at 25c. per quart, Myrtle Grove, 15c. and Sound oysters 10 to 12½c. per quart.

Poultry was in good supply. Dressed fowls selling at 60 to 70c. per pair; turkeys 12½ to 15c.; live chickens 25 to 30c. apiece. Eggs 15c. per dozen.

Dealers in vegetables sold sweet potatoes at 15 to 30c per peck; cabbage, 5c per head; collards, 5c; turnips, 5c; onions, 5c per quart; field peas, 5 to 6c per quart; spinach, 25c per peck; white potatoes, 5c per quart; oranges, 15 to 25 cents a dozen.

A tariff reduction of 30 per cent. places goods in reach of all who trade with A. D. Brown. Orders and inquiries by mail will receive careful attention. †

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JAN. 27, 1895

SMALL MILLS AND LARGE MILLS.

Some time ago Governor Stone, of Mississippi, in giving his views on the situation and outlook for cotton, suggested as one help in the solution of the problem that the planters form co-operative associations and build cotton mills and oil mills, small ones which could be built without a large amount of capital.

This suggestion has been more or less criticized by those who hold that small mills would prove a disappointment, especially in those sections where steam would have to be used as a motive power. They concede, however, that small mills may be successfully operated where water-power is available. There is no doubt that as between large mills and small ones, whether water-power or steam be used, the large mill has the advantage and will yield more profit per hand for the reason that there is less waste of power, more systematic method, and more economy of expense in the superintending, as mills must have competent superintendents whether they be large or small. The large mill also has some advantage, perhaps, in buying supplies for less money because they buy so much more, and as they presumably have a larger available capital they can take advantage of the markets and stock up when the prices are low, whereas the small mill must work on small stocks and is dependent upon its sales to keep up its stocks. All this being conceded, Governor Stone's suggestion is nevertheless a good one, and well worthy of the attention of planters. There may not be as much profit in them as in large mills but it has been demonstrated that they pay wherever started and pay well.

After we leave the Piedmont belt and strike the flat country south of it water power may be scarce, but its absence is offset by cheap fuel, cheap enough to be almost if not quite as cheap as water-power, taking all things into consideration, for these mills could run the whole year round, regardless of high or low water. The large majority of the 177 mills in North Carolina are what are called small mills and they pay well, some of them very well.

They would pay the planter in two ways; first, by increasing the value of his crop by putting it upon the market in the manufactured instead of the crude form; second, by giving him a home market upon which he could always depend, and in which he could always count upon fair play. The price of manufactured goods does not fluctuate with the price of the raw material, and therefore if a stock-holder in a mill his share of the profits on the goods made would compensate him many times for the losses he might sustain by the low price of the cotton he raised. He would save also in the cost of handling, in the profits which go to middlemen, in the bagging and hooping necessary when the bales must be shipped to distant markets. All this would go into his pocket, and in the aggregate would amount to a considerable sum on a year's crop. The working of much cotton at home would reduce the supply "in sight" available for shipment, and would stiffen prices on that, as prices are always governed by the supply on hand.

But they would do another thing. They would give employment to the sons and daughters of farmer's sons and daughters who find life on the farm lonely and monotonous, become dissatisfied and discontented and yearn for the town, which many of them seek at the first opportunity. With these home mills they could have more associations, could earn some money for themselves and still be near enough to the old home, and their parents to be under their influence. If under thoughtful management schools could be established at or near the mills, in the villages that would in time spring up around them, and thus the sons and daughters of the farmers could have better opportunities for instruction than they could have in the sparsely settled sections around their homes, and thus better fit themselves to take their part in the battle of life when they became older and struck out for themselves.

If the planters waited until they could build large mills they would wait a long time, and then they would be so few and far between that but few, and these the wealthiest of the planters, would be directly benefitted by them. But small mills and many of them are within reach, if the planters adopted the co operative method and resolved to have them. It would require money, of course, but if more were needed than was obtainable among the planters, it could be secured with little effort from capitalists who would be willing to invest it in enterprises of that character, and take stock in them besides. Machinery could also be secured on long time from companies who would be glad to equip mills, to wait for their money and to take part pay in stock for the machinery furnished.

The day will come when thoughtful planters will turn their attention in this direction, and the sooner the better, whether the price of cotton go down or up.

MINOR MENTION.

The Nicaragua Canal bill passed the Senate Friday by a somewhat larger majority than was anticipated. It is remarkable that two-thirds of the votes cast for it were cast by Republicans, while, with the exception of two Republicans, all of the twenty-one votes against it were cast by Democrats and Populists, including among the former both Senators from Louisiana, a State which will be especially benefitted by the construction of the canal, and in which the sentiment is very pronounced for it. In voting against it both of these Senators expressed their own views more than the views of the State they represented, as did also the Populist Senators from the West whose States had repeatedly through commercial and other bodies warmly endorsed this grand enterprise. As it was not discussed from a party standpoint, of course there was no party obligation to support or oppose, and hence Senators were free to pursue whatever course they saw fit, assuming the responsibility of voting against the sentiment of their constituents, but the strong Democratic vote against it in the Senate does not augur well for it in the House where the Democrats are so largely in the majority. If it gets through there it will be in all probability dependent upon Republican votes as if was in the Senate. We think we understand the motive of the Democratic opposition it met with in the Senate. There were Senators who believed that the Government had no constitutional right to become interested in works of that character. These were the strict constructionists who are nearly every day voting for propositions against which the same objection might be made. We like adherence to the law, and we like consistency, but there is such a thing as inconsistency by sticking close to one point and departing from it on others. We think the Democratic Senators who supported and voted for this bill showed quite as much regard for the Constitution as those who voted against it and much more practical statesmanship.

* * *

There are Wall street rumors that another issue of bonds will be made within a few days. What foundations there are for this rumor outside of the fact that the gold reserve is decreasing day by day and has got pretty near the $50,000,000 mark, we do not know, but another issue of bonds has been regarded for some time as inevitable. Under the conditions which prevail, the money powers in Wall street can force an issue of bonds whenver they decide to do so and that's what they have been playing for ever since the last bonds were sold and the gold reserve replenished. They began to draw on it immediately and have continued to draw until they have got it down to a little over $57,000,000. And yet in all this time, with these embarrassments of the Treasury staring it in the face Congress has not been able to devise any plan to relieve it or take it out of the clutches of the Wall-street gold mongers. The upshot will be, we suppose, if anything is done, the passage of some such makeshift as Sherman's bill authorizing the issue of new bonds, the very thing the money powers of the East have been planning and working for, for that will put the Treasury and the finances of the country still more in their power. Since the foundation of the Government there has never been a more humiliating exhibition of incapacity than Congress has shown in dealing with this question.

* * *

A Washington correspondent of Mr. Butler's *Caucasian*, the Fusion organ, published at Raleigh, telling of the reception of Senator elect Pritchard by the Republican Senators, says that when Senator Chandler grasped Senator Pritchard's hand a big tear stood in his (Chandler's) eys, not in both eyes but in one eye. This was a tear of joy at meeting the long-lost and long-on-the-way brother from North Carolina, who was twenty-two years coming. We infer from this that it is a way Chandler has of expressing his joy when he is glad—weeping with one eye. But it was not to call attention to Chandler's tear that we started to write of this letter, but to the touching assurance that Senator-elect Pritchard received from his Republican colleagues that there would be no interference with the fusion programme in this State, but that the combiners could continue to pool their issues and pull for the stakes in 1876. That is to say the Republican combiners in this State have the permission of the bosses at headquarters to continue the joint partnership with the Populistic concern which they have been strongly denouncing as the sum total of political heresy and crankdom. They haven't any use for Populism up there, but when Populism can be used in Republican hands to knock the Democrats out it is all right, and just the thing. The end justifies the means.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Durham *Sun:* Mrs. J. D. Cooley died very suddenly at her home in Hillsboro Tuesday. She arose at the usual hour and partook of breakfast in a hearty manner and was dead before three o'clock in the afternoon.

— Kinston *Free Press:* A son of Ben Whitfield, colored while cutting a tree down on Mr. W B. Isler's place, in Jones county, Monday afternoon, was dangerously injured by a limb striking him on the head. He has not spoken since he was struck. Dr. Tull, of Kinston, attended him and says the boy's recovery is doubtful.

— Wilson *Mirror:* A bottle that cannot be refilled after once emptied, is an invention just made by our townsman David D. Nolly, who will at once apply for patent. This bottle will be of vast interest to persons who sell special articles who do not wish their bottles refilled by an article not such as they have sold. We have been shown the model by the inventor, and we unhesitatingly pronounce it a most ingenious invention, and which must be of great value to persons who sell special brands of liquids and do not wish their bottles filled with different goods.

— Raleigh *Visitor:* People who came from House's Creek township today tell of a fatal accident that occurred there late yesterday evening. This morning a peddler was found lying dead on the roadside. His heavy wagon was overturned and lay a few rods away from his body, and his horse was found grazing by the roadside with the broken harness hanging to him. The peddler's name was Smithers.

—— Last Monday night Deputy Collector Kirkland captured and cut up near Hillsboro a 100-gallon illicit distillery and outfit and destroyed 800 gallons of beer. Deputy collectors Rader and Smith report to collector Simmons the seizure and destruction of a 100-gallon illicit distillery near Goldsboro. Twenty gallons of spirits were also captured. The still was owned by william Goldston, Deputy-Collector E. A. Moffit reports the seizure of a 60-galloh illicit distillery with 50 gallons of spirits near Evans, Chatham county. The still was owned by Dick Murley, a negro.

— Fayetteville *Gazette:* Manchester was the scene of a fatal fight Sunday evening. It appears that John Cameron and George Brewer, two young men who have been at outs with each other for some time, met Sunday evening and after passing several hot words engaged in a fight, which resulted in the death of Brewer. Cameron set out Monday morning for this city to surrender to the sheriff and was met between here and there by Deputy Sheriff Clark, to whom he surrendered himself and was brought to this city and is now in custody. Meantime, the coroner's jury in session at Manchester declared the killing to be justifiable. Cameron contends that he killed Brewer in self defence. He says that Brewer threatened to kill him, and drawing a pair of brass knucks struck him several blows. Cameron says he retreated, but on Brewer following and striking at him he turned round and stabbed Brewer in the neck. Another version of the fight is that after Brewer struck Cameron. Cameron rushed upon him and stabbed him several times.

Newbern *Journal:* Mr. Bradford E. Gatlin died yesterday morning January 24th at ten o'clock at his home in Stonewall. Pamlico county, of pneumonia, after an illness of only four days. ——Mr. Adolphus A. Baker, of Dover, New Jersey, went hunting yesterday over Neuse river opposite Newbern, leaving here about 11 o'clock with two youths, Sam'l Morgan and John Stanly, about 14 and 15 years old. Directly after reaching the other side, the older of the boys being still in the boat, and the other, Master Stanly with Mr. Baker a little way off in the woods, the latter seemed to stumble and then fell helplessly forward, striking his face against a root with such force as to cause blood to flow. He gave no signs of life and both the boys were soon at the side of their fallen companion. They believed him to be in a faint and tried to recover him by applications of water to his face but to no avail, and with difficulty they moved him to the boat, and one supporting his head and the other rowing, they came back to the city so he could receive better attention. But nothing restorative could be done; it was but a lifeless body they brought back. Mr. Baker was about sixty years of age. He came to Newbern about three weeks ago to escape the rigors of the Northern climate.

ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Twenty-Five Choice Novels for One Coupon and One Dollar—Note the Authors.

Examine this list of standard novels. You can get the 25 books for one coupon and One Dollar, and they will be sent post-paid to any address. See announcement in another column for coupon and complete list of books.

THESE 25 FOR ONE DOLLAR.

No. 51—A Rogue's Life; By Wilkie Collins.
No. 50—Treasure Island; By Robert L. Stevenson.
No. 48—The Red Hill Tragedy; By Emma D E N Southworth
No. 44—In Durance Vile; By "The Duchess."
No. 43—Meeting Her Fate; By Miss M E Braddon.
No. 42—Hickory Hall; By Emma D E N Southworth
No. 40—The Huguenot Family; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 35—Grandfather's Chair; By Nathaniel Hawthorne
No. 33—The Surgeon's Daughter; by Sir Walter Scott.
No. 31—No Thoroughfare; By Charles Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 29—The Wandering Heir; By Charles Reade.
No. 27—The Squire's Darling; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 23—The Siege of Granada By Sir E Bulwer Lytton.
No. 22—The Sea King; by Captain Marryat.
No. 20—Mr Gilfil's Love Story, By Geo Eliot.
No. 19—The Armorer of Tyre; By Sylv Cobb, Jr.
No. 17—Rock Ruin, or The Daughter of the Island, By Mrs Ann S Stephens.
No. 16—A Study in Scarlet; By A Conan Doyle.
No. 14—Nurse Revels Mistake; By FlorenceWarden
No. 12—The Black Tulip; by Alexander Dumas.
No. 11—The Belle of Lynn, or The Miller's Daughter; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of Dora Thorne
No. 9—The Black Dwarf; By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 6—The Corsican Brothers; By Alex Dumas.
No. 4—King Solomon's Mines; By H Rider Haggard
No. 1—The Scarlet Letter; By Nathan'l Hawthorne

— Forty-nine Parts of the American Encyclopædic Dictionary may now be ordered. Send one coupon and 17 cents (which includes postage) for each Part. Take advantage of this opportunity to secure the best Dictionary and Encyclopædia combined at a very low price.

HEARTS.

ADELAIDE PROCTOR.

A trinket made like a heart, dear,
Of red gold, bright and fine,
Was given to me for a keepsake,
Given to me for mine.

And another heart, warm and tender,
As true as a heart could be;
And every throb that stirred it
Was always and all for me.

Sailing over the waters,
Watching the far blue land,
I dropped my golden heart, dear,
Dropped it out of my hand!

It lies in the cold blue waters,
Fathoms and fathoms deep,
The golden heart which I promised,
Promised to prize and keep.

Gazing at life's bright visions,
So false, and fair, and new,
I forgot the other heart, dear,
Forgot it and lost it, too!

I might seek that heart forever,
I might seek and seek in vain—
And for one short and careless hour,
I pay with a life of pain.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

—Fault-finding is a trade in which no apprenticeship is to be served.

— We sell the throne of angels for a short and turbulent pleasure.—*Emerson.*

— The majority of the blunders committed by man arises from excessive self-love.—*Plato.*

— Perhaps perseverance has been the radical principle of every truly great character.—*J Foster.*

— Nibbling at sin is the sure method of getting caught on Satan's book. Touch not, taste not, handle not.

—The best cure for depression of spirits on account of poverty is to spend a few minutes every day counting over the mercies of God.

— Certainly in taking revenge a man is even with his enemy; but in passing over it he is superior, for it is a prince's part to pardon.—*Robertson.*

— He who forgives must forget; but we are not required to so far forget a man who has stolen our purse as to give him an opportunity to steal it again.

— When you make a mistake don't look back at it long Take the reason of the thing into your own mind, and then look forward Mistakes are lessons of wisdom The past cannot be changed; the future is yet in your power.—*Ex.*

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— A woman caused the retirement of the President of the French Republic, and a servant girl with a disposition to deal in sugar stocks had something to do with the pleasure New Jersey feels in the retirement of Senator McPherson.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, Rep.*

—— Governor McKinley has told the Manufacturers' National Convention—there was no such movement in the sad McKinley days—that "the policy which seeks to cripple or advance one interest regardless of every other is pernicious in the extreme, and if persisted in will prove destructive to all." This is why Mr. Reed, who is a Republican with long foresight, gave this same policy such a terrific "unauthorized" whack in his memorable Ann Arbor speech.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

—— Settle the currency question and the business of the country will take care of the revenue. This is a truth which none know better than do the Republican leaders who are combined with the silver cranks to prevent the enactment of any general currency measure. The present combine is but a revised edition of the Sherman bill bargain. Now as then the protectionists are willing to make any sacrifice of the country's interests in the hope of securing a rise in the tariff. All talk about the need of more revenue is mere pretense made to deceive and to draw attention away from the currency issue.—*Knoxville Tribune, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Somehow people never appreciate the liberality of the man who offers to pull their teeth for nothing.—*Atchison Globe.*

— He—There is only a half hour until train time and your trunk isn't half packed.

She—Don't worry, dear; I have my bonnet on.—*Chicago Inter Ocean.*

— She—"Indeed, sir, I haven't reached the matrimonial bargain-counter yet!"

He—"You would be a bargain, my dear, on any counter."—*Harper's Bazar.*

— She—So the first thing Tom told you about his fiancee was that she was "awfully sensible?"

He—Yes.

She—That settles it. She's plain.—*Puck.*

— Teacher—What is the meaning of hazardous?

Tommy—Hazardess is a female hazard.—*Phil Record.*

— Say, Jack, what is the capital of Switzerland?

Jack (who has just returned from abroad)—Why, the money they get from travellers, of course.—*Boston Bulletin.*

HEART DISEASE.

Fluttering, No Appetite, Could not Sleep, Wind on Stomach.

"For a long time I had a terrible pain at my heart, which fluttered almost incessantly. I had no appetite and could not sleep. I would be compelled to sit up in bed and belch gas from my stomach until I thought every minute would be my last. There was a feeling of oppression about my heart, and I was afraid to draw a full breath. I could not sweep a room without resting. My husband induced me to try

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

and am happy to say it has cured me. I now have a splendid appetite and sleep well. Its effect was truly marvelous."

MRS. HARRY E. STARR, Pottsville, Pa.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills stop Headache. Sold by all Druggists.
june 15 1y D&W fri su wed changedaily

THE STAR'S FASHION HINTS.

CAPES AND CLOAKS.

Wide Choice, but Jet and Fur Are the Fashionable Trimmings.

Very smart and comfortable capes are made in silk velvet, plush, and even velveteen of the best sorts. They are short, reaching only to an inch or so below the waist, and are bordered with a wide band of fur, usually dark in color. The linings are not so much hidden as usual with these capes, for they are worn well thrown back from the shoulders. When the bodice is in dark satin or brocade, with much elaborate addition of white satin as trimming, the pale, rich lining of the cape forms a very effective background. The mode of fastening is by means of watered ribbons, which cross the bodice in front and tie at the back of the waist. Other short capes are in biscuit or dove colored cloth, with pretty silk linings and fur trimming, or a finish of plain rows of stitching round all the outlines. The corners are ornamented with devices, generally geometrical, but cut out

CLOTH CAPE.

of similar cloth, laid on the cape and stitched round the edges with one row or more. One of these, in cloth of a lovely tone of silver gray, is lined with yellow silk, brocaded with flowers in white and gray, and has a trimming of blue fox.

Evening capes and cloaks are made with linings of squirrel and collars of sable.

Braiding is in again, and many of the newest coats and capes are elaborately braided with a thick, silky looking braid that gives the rich effect of raised embroidery, something like that seen in dresses.

The pelisse is still a favorite outdoor garment with the smartly dressed contingent. It is sometimes made of plush, but more frequently of velvet brocade, corduroy or some fancy material of substantiality, consisting of a mixture of silk with fine wool. The lining is invariably composed of some rich silken texture, usually brocade. The newest pelisses are made of watered velvet, with the sleeves in verglas silk.

The cape illustrated is of cloth, falling in godets. A velvet collar covers the shoulders, round in the back, but forming revers in front, falling in coquilles. Applied motifs of jet trim the front of the cape, while the body of the garment, the wide collar and the velvet standing collar are edged with beaver.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

FASHIONABLE MATERIALS.

Velveteen, Cloth and Corduroy Are Used For Plain Walking Costumes.

Cloth is to be the favorite material, and possessors of slender incomes will doubtless read with dismay that trimming on bodices, sleeves, coats and mantles is even more than ever costly and elaborate, and that, although plain suits are still in style for ordinary street wear, yet for more ceremonious occasions elaboration and imposingness are the chief characteristics of dress. As in accordance with quiet taste it is necessary to secure these effects without startlingness or ostentation, it is only by the aid of rich and costly materials, carefully combined and artistically treated, that the desired end can be attained.

Black satin has now definitely taken its place as leading material for bodices and dress trimmings instead of moire.

Grenadine grows more and more in favor and is now frequently used for purposes to which chiffon was considered indispensable until quite lately, such as ac-

HOUSE GOWN.

cordion plaited folds on bodices or fronts as well as sleeves. The number of black grenadines seen in fashion's resorts is beginning to rival that of crepon.

Verglas silk is a novelty which seems to have taken a strong hold on public favor. The silk is so treated in the finishing that the surface assumes the appearance of slippery ice with a strong light upon it. Dresses, mantles and blouses are all made of it, and with woolen dresses it is introduced in the sleeves and trimmings.

Velveteen and corduroy are used for plain walking costumes for winter wear. These goods are warm and serviceable and endure rain and mist without becoming defaced. Dark, rich tones are preferred, and fur is the appropriate trimming.

An illustration is given of a house gown of blue watered bengaline trimmed with point de venise. It has a plain trailing skirt and a fitted bodice, with a square guimpe of plaited ivory silk outlined by a silk puffing. A straight deep flounce of lace falls from the guimpe, ending below the hips. A ribbon belt surrounds the waist under the lace, finishing with long ends in front. The puffed elbow sleeves are trimmed with a ruffle of lace.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

CURRENT COMMENT.

It begins to look like a revival of industry among the brass bands.—Boston Herald.

Baltimore has caught up to Boston in population, but the Hub still enjoys precedence in beans.—Baltimore Herald.

The question with a great many women is not whether bicycle riding is immoral, but how to get the bicycle.—Buffalo Express.

The college season is now officially open, and the young man who neglected to let his hair grow is strictly not in it.—Washington Post.

Appendicitis, we note, is raging less violently in fashionable circles. It is predicted it will be entirely out of style next season.—Chicago Tribune.

The Prince of Wales is entitled to wear 70 different uniforms, but he never puts on more than one at a time. This is his uniform habit.—Tammany Times.

A man who dislikes the nominations and did not attend the caucuses is privileged to kick. But to be consistent he should kick himself.—Boston Globe.

In her latest poem Ella Wheeler Wilcox announces that she has reached the high noon of life. That cannot be true. Judging from her poetry, she is still sweet 16.—Brooklyn Eagle.

That oily and rough skin cured, and the face and hands beautified by Johnson's Oriental Soap; medicated and highly perfumed. J. H. HARDIN, J. HICKS BUNTING.

WORK AND WORRY.

Why Good Housekeepers Grow Old Early. Becoming Dress a Restorative.

A professional giver of good advice to women says:

"More than half of a home keeping woman's time is spent in worrying and a good share of the other half in preparing food, as though the stomach were the immortal part of us. Take one-quarter of the time a woman devotes to making pies, preparing puddings, putting up preserves, baking cakes and frying, etc., and let her devote it to rest and recreation, and she would not look like a shred of parchment paper at 40."

This is perfectly true—tritely so—but what is the use of saying it? The majority of women do not overwork nor overworry from choice. Anxieties, being forced upon them, must be thought of, while the bus-

SILK AND FUR GOWN.

band and family are the ones for whose sake the housekeeper wears herself out in the kitchen and are the ones who complain at any falling off in the variety of the bill of fare. A woman catering for herself alone never yet afforded an awful example of abnormal devotion to the cooking stove. The sacrifice by fire is forced upon the housekeeper by her position, and it is hardly fair to assume that she labors from sheer willfulness. The reason that women of moderate means who remain in the conventional "woman's sphere" grow old early is because they are burdened with a thousand petty troubles, small individually, but killing in the aggregate. It is like being stung to death by gnats, yet each separate gnat is despicably little. A heavy misfortune, such as wins the sympathy of the world, may be borne with dignity and at last lived down without marking the face with careworn lines or shattering the nerves. It is the innumerable petty trials, experienced daily for year after year, that grind away youth, beauty, bright wits and health, and no amount of sermonizing to the victim will do away with this state of things.

Fortunately there are many women who have leisure to be beautiful and fashionable. Today's sketch shows a gown for one of this favored class. It is of dull heliotrope bengaline. The bell skirt has a wide band of carneul around the foot. The round, double breasted corsage is entirely of fur and is fastened by four large steel buttons. The balloon sleeve of bengaline has a long tight cuff and a deep fur epaulet. Wide black satin ribbon forms the girdle. JUDIC CHOLLET.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Cailloutte, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	6
Standard	7½	@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	8½	@	10¼
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	6¾	@	7
Shoulders ₩ lb	6¾	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	30
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	5 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	11 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	@	25
Northern	23	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	55
Virginia Meal	55	@	57½
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	70
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—			
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	@	6¼
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	12½	@	14
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Western, low grade	2 50	@	3 50
" Extra	2 75	@	4 25
" Straight	3 25	@	
Second Patent	3 50	@	
First Patent	4 25	@	4 50
City Mills—Super		@	2 50
" " Family	3 25	@	
GLUE— ₩ lb	7½	@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	55	@	55
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	55	@	55
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	55	@	55
Corn, mixed, from store		@	60
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	55
Cow Peas		@	80
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	8¼
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	2¼
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	6½	@	8
North Carolina	6½	@	9
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, assorted	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	28
" " in bbls		@	26
Porto-Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" in bbls		@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds		@	14
" in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	35	@	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 15
OILS, ₩ gallon—			
Kerosene	10	@	14
Lard		@	68
Linseed	75	@	80
Rosin	15	@	18
Tar		@	30
Deck and Spar		@	95
POULTRY—			
Chickens, Live, grown	12½	@	22½
" Spring	10	@	20
Turkeys	60	@	1 00
PEANUTS, ₩ bushel 28 lbs	35	@	50
POTATOES, ₩ bushel—			
Sweet	30	@	45
Irish, ₩ barrel	2 50	@	3 00
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess		@	13 50
Rump		@	13 00
Prime		@	13 00
RICE—Carolina, ₩ lb	4	@	5
Rough—₩ bushel (Upland)	60	@	70
" (Lowland)	1 00	@	1 15½
BAGS, ₩ lb—Country		@	1¾
Cuba		@	1
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack—Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
a 125-₩ Sack	45	@	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Nothing doing.

ROSIN. — Market firm at $1 00 per bbl. for Strained and $1 05 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at 90 cents per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 70 for Virgin.

COTTON—Steady.

Ordinary	2¼	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	3¼	" "
Low Middling	4 7–16	" "
Middling	4⅝	" "
Good Middling	5 3–16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	1,053 bales
Spirits Turpentine	88 casks
Rosin	194 bbls
Tar	165 bbls
Crude Turpentine	19 bbl

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 26—Evening—Money on call to-day was 1@1¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488¾ for sixty days and 489¼@489½ for demand. Commercial bills 487½@488. Government bonds lower; United States coupon fours 118; United States twos 97. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 100; North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds weak.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was 60 bid.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 26—Evening—Cotton dull and easy; middling gulf 5 15-16c; middling uplands 5 11-16c.

Futures closed quiet, with sales of 25,700 bales; January 5.44c; February 5.45c; March 5.49c; April 5.52c; May 5 56; June 5.59c; July 5.62c; August 5.67c; September 5.71; October 5.77c.

Net receipts 751 bales; gross receipts 4,467 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,600 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 1,875 bales; forwarded 1 592 bales; sales 51 bales, all to spinners; stock (actual) 145,226 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 23,906 bales; exports to Great Britain 25 998 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 3,412 bales; to the Channel — bales; stock 1,009,307 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 5,981,573 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,803,651 bales; exports to France 586,360 bales; exports to the Continent 1 553 445 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Flour dull and weak at quotations; winter wheat, low grades $1 95@$2 55; fair to fancy grades $2 60@2 75, patents $2 75@3 15; Minnesota clear $2 35@2 70, patents $3 25@4 10; low extras $1 95@2 50. Southern flour dull and weak, common to fair extra $1 90@3 80; good to choice do. $2 90@3 40. Wheat dull, ½c lower, closing firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 57@57½; afloat 58¼@58¾; options advanced ¼@¾c, declined ¾@¾c and closed weak at unchanged prices to ½c decline; May sold at 3 16c below the previous record, trading was chiefly local scalping and switching, as reports from the West were interrupted; No. 2 red January 57½; February 57½; March 58c; May 58¾c. Corn dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 48¾@49c; afloat 50@50½c; options dull but steady, closing unchanged to ½c up; January 48¾c; February 49c. May 49¼. Oats dull and firm; options quiet and firm; January 33¾c; February 33¾c; May 33½c; spot—No. 2, 34½c; mixed Western 34¼@35½c. Hay quiet and steady; shipping 50@55c; good to choice 70@75c. Wool firm; domestic fleece 15@19c; pulled 12@38c. Beef dull, unchanged; beef hams quiet at $17 00; tierced beef dull; city extra India mess $15 00@16 00. C

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The Morning Star.

MAN AND NATURE.

The mountains, and the forests, and the seas,
Oldest of mourners with pathetic tone,
Have each a natural music, all their own,
Set in accord with human destinies,
Sad, tender, manifold. What is more sweet
Than woodland melodies at noon? More mild
Than dimpled ocean, like a laughing child,
That leaps and rolls a jewel to our feet,
Breathlessly calm? And then, within an hour,
Behold that selfsame ocean on the shore
Lashes. The forest quakes with deafening power.
The rocks are rent. Then, oh! amid that roar,
Awestruck we sink, we fall upon our knees,
Ye mountains, and ye forests, and ye seas!

The mountains, and the forests, and the seas,
Have each their music, with our mortal lot
In sympathy, to soothe, exalt, appease,
And man, too, has his music; has a note
Of worldwide sweetness, tender reveries,
Dirges of buried blisses unforgot,
Rejoicing paeans, glorious symphonies,
But all of them lack something. They have not—
The voice once heard in Eden, and the ear,
Pleased with rich sound, is as when some one sings
In a great court before a king of kings.
He closes, and of rapture born a cheer
Shakes the high roof, but when the lord of all
Speaks there is awe and silence in the hall.
—A. G. B. In London Spectator.

FABIO'S NOTE.

Of all the merchants in Venice, Fabio Mutinelli was the most exact in keeping his engagements. He was liberal and magnificent on every occasion, and especially with ladies and people of the church. The elegant polity of his manners was celebrated throughout the republic, and people admired at San Zanipolo an altar of gold which he had offered to St. Catherine for love of the beautiful Catherine Manini, wife of the senator, Alesso Conaro. As he was very wealthy, he had many friends, to whom he gave festivals and his purse. But he suffered severe losses in the war against the Genoese and in the troubles of Naples. It happened that 80 of his vessels were captured. So the magnificent Fabio was despoiled in a shore time of all his riches. Having sold his palace and his plate to pay his debts, he found himself destitute of everything. But as he was skillful, courageous, well learned in commerce and in the vigor of age, he thought only of restoring his business. He made many calculations and figured that 500 ducats were necessary for him to attempt new enterprises, from which he expected happy, prompt and certain successes. He asked of Alesso Bontura, who was the richest citizen of the republic, to lend to him these 500 ducats. But the good signor esteemed that if audacity procures great goods prudence alone preserves them, and he refused to expose so large a sum to the peril of sea and fortune. Fabio addressed himself to Andrea Morosini, whom he had formerly favored in different ways.

"Beloved Fabio," replied Andrea, "to others than you I would willingly lend this sum. I have no attachment for gold pieces, and I conform, on this point, to the maxims of Horace, the satirist. But your friendship is dear to me, Fabio Mutinelli, and I would risk its loss if I loaned you money. Most often commerce of the heart goes ill between debtor and creditor. I have seen too many examples of this."

With these words Signor Andrea pretended to embrace the merchant tenderly and shut the door in his face.

At night, as she was returning sadly to his house, the courtesan Zanetta, who was taking a bath in the canal, grasped his gondola and said to Fabio:

"I know your misfortunes. They are the talk of the town. Now listen. I am not rich, but I have some jewels in a small casket. If you accept them, gentle Fabio, I will believe that God and the Virgin love me."

And it was true that, in the newness of her age and in the fine flower of her beauty, Zanetta was poor. Fabio replied:

"Graceful Zanetta, there is more nobility in the house where you live than in all the palaces of Venice."

For three days more Fabio visited the banks and the shops without finding anybody who would lend money to him. Everywhere he received a wicked answer and heard speeches the tone of which was as follows: "You were wrong to sell your plate to pay your debts. One may loan money to a man in debt; one never loans to a man who has neither furniture nor plate."

The fifth day he went in his despair to the Corte Delle Galli, which is also called the Ghetto, and which is the Jewish quarter. "Who knows," he said to himself, "if I may not obtain from a Jew the favor that Christians have refused?" He went through streets the entrance of which, by order of the senate, was barred every night with chains. He remembered having heard of an Israelite named Eleazer, son of Eleazer Maimonides, who was said to be grandly rich and of a mind marvelously subtle. The door of his house was decorated with an image of the seven branched golden candlestick, which the Jew had caused to be made as a sign of hope, in view of the promised day when the temple would rise from its ashes.

The merchant entered a hall lighted by a lamp of brass, the 12 wicks of which were ablaze. The Jew Eleazer was seated before his scales. The windows of his house were walled, because he was an infidel. Fabio Mutinelli talked to him in the following manner:

"Eleazer, I have often called you a dog and a pagan. It happened, when I was younger, that I threw stones and mud at people who passed near the canal wearing a yellow wheel on their shoulders. I tell you this not to insult you, but to be loyal at a time when I come to ask you to do me a great service."

The Jew lifted his arm, which was dry and knotty like a vine.

"Fabio Mutinelli," he said, "the Father who is in heaven will judge you and me. What service do you ask?"

"Lend me 500 ducats for a year."

"One does not lend without security. What is your security?"

"You must know, Eleazer, that I have not even a golden cup, not even a silver goblet. I have nothing. Everybody has refused to do me the service that I ask of you. I have nothing in the world, except my honor as a merchant and my faith as a Christian. I offer to you as security the Holy Virgin Mary and her Divine Son."

At this reply the Jew inclined his head like one meditating and thinking, caressed for an instant his long white beard and said:

"Fabio Mutinelli, lead me to your security, for it is necessary that the lender should be placed in presence of the security that is offered to him."

"It is your right," answered the merchant. "Come!"

He led Eleazer to the Church de l'Orto, near the field which is named after the Moors. There, showing the Madonna, who, standing on the altar, her forehead ornamented with a crown of precious stones, her shoulders covered with a gold embroidered cloak, held in her arms the infant Jesus, decked like his mother, the merchant said to the Jew, "This is my security."

Eleazer looked with a subtle eye at the Christian merchant, the Madonna and the child, bent his head and said that he accepted the security. He brought Fabio back to his house and gave to him 500 ducats, saying:

"This is yours for a year. If in a year from now, day for day, you have not returned to me this sum, with the interest fixed by the law of Venice and the custom of the Lombards, imagine, Fabio Mutinelli, what I will think of the Christian merchant and of his security!"

Fabio, without loss of time, bought vessels and loaded them with salt and various other merchandise, which he disposed of in the cities of the Adriatic at a great profit. Then, with a new cargo, he sailed for Constantinople, where he bought carpets, perfumes, peacock feathers, ivory and ebony, which his clerks exchanged on the coast of Dalmatia for lumber, which was bought from him in advance by the Venetians. By this means he multiplied ten times in six months the sum which he had received.

But one day that he was in a bark on the Bosporus with Greek women he was taken by pirates and brought captive into Egypt. Happily his gold and his merchandise were safe. The pirates sold him to a Saracen lord, who, having put his feet in irons, commanded him to cultivate the wheat, which is beautiful in that country. He offered ransom, but the daughter of the Saracen lord, who loved him, dissuaded her father from surrendering him at any price. He filed his irons with the instruments that he used to cultivate the fields, fled, reached the Nile and went out to sea.

After eight days of travel in a Spanish ship, which had picked him up, a tempest threw him on the coast of Dalmatia. The entire crew was drowned, and Fabio, supported by a chicken coop, reached the coast with great difficulty. He fell insensible and was brought to the house of a widow, who was quite beautiful and whose name was Loreta. When he regained consciousness, he was surrounded by perfume of myrtles and roses, and he saw from his window a garden which descended gradually to the sea. Mme. Loreta took her violin and played tenderly. Fabio, in his gratitude, kissed her hands a thousand times. Then he asked what was the day of the month. When she told him, he began to groan and to lament at the thought that in 24 hours the year would be ended, and the date would come when he would fail to return the 500 ducats which he had borrowed from the Jew Eleazer. Mme. Loreta having asked the cause of his despair, he made it known to her. As she was a woman of great piety and very faithful to the Holy Mother of God, she sympathized with him. There was no difficulty in obtaining the 500 ducats, but none could think of going from the coast of Dalmatia to Venice in 24 hours in a bad sea and with contrary winds. "Let us have the money in the first place," said Fabio.

When a servant of his hostess had brought the money to him, the noble merchant asked for a bark, which he filled with bags containing the ducats. Then he took from Mme. Loreta's oratory an image of the Virgin with the infant Jesus, which was made of cedar wood and was very venerable. He placed it in the bark near the rudder, and he said to the image:

"Madam, you are my security. The Jew Eleazer must be paid tomorrow. My honor and yours are at stake, madam, and also the renown of your Son. What a mortal sinner like me may not do you shall surely accomplish, pure star of the sea, you whose breast nourishes the one who walked on waves. Take this money to the Jew Eleazer, in the Ghetto of Venice, so that the Jews will not say that you are bad security." Having pushed the bark in the wave, he took off his hat and said softly: "Adieu, madam." For a long time the merchant and the widow followed the bark with their eyes. The night fell. A furrow of light was traced in the peaceful sea.

The next morning Eleazer, having opened his door, saw in the narrow canal of the Ghetto a bark loaded with bags and guided by a little figure of black wood, resplendent with the clearness of dawn. The bark stopped before the house where was carved the seven branched golden candlestick. The Jew recognized the Virgin Mary and the infant Jesus, security of the Christian merchant.—Echo.

Calhoun and Randolph.

When John C. Calhoun became vice president of the United States, and consequently president of the senate, he announced that he had not the authority to call the senators to order for words spoken in debate, as he regarded each senator as an embassador from a sovereign state. The eccentric John Randolph of Virginia took advantage of Mr. Calhoun's ruling to abuse him personally. One day he began a tirade by saying: "Mr. Speaker! I mean Mr. President of the senate and would be president of the United States, which God in his infinite mercy avert!"—Exchange.

How to Treat Toothache.

It is hard to cure a bad toothache of several days' continuance. A hypodermic of morphine only postpones the evil day, and usually the patient is respectfully referred to the dentist. The tooth should not be extracted while the jaws and gums are inflamed and the latter swollen, and it is the physician's duty to treat the case until the above conditions are removed.

Always keep a small vial containing the following mixture: Chloroform, gtt. x.; glycerin, gtt. x.; sat. sol. ac. carbol, gtt. x.; morphine, gr. j., with a small wad of absorbent cotton. If the offending tooth has a cavity or decayed surface, saturate a small pellet of cotton with the above mixture and put into the cavity or against the decayed surface, as the case may be. Never pack the cotton in, or the greater will be the trouble, but have the pellet small enough to enter without crowding. In most cases this will end the trouble. When the gums are swollen and tender, paint two or three times, two minutes apart, with a 4 per cent solution of cocaine.

The patient may have been eating a good deal of fruit. The tongue and mucous membrane of the mouth are pale, with sour stomach, and the next day the toothache will return.

Give ten grains of subcarbonate of bismuth and ten grains of phenacatine at once, and a similar dose before each of the three following meals, with a laxative, if needed, and stop all fruit for a few days, and it will not return. The same powder every two hours, with cessation of fruit eating, will stop the persistent, tormenting neuralgias.

How to Cream Butter and Sugar.

When using a spoon or whisk for beating, take long upward strokes, the more rapid the better. The spoon should touch the bottom of the bowl each time, and the motion must be regular. Another way to beat it is to use a circular motion. In this case the side of the spoon is kept close to the side of the bowl. The spoon is moved rapidly in a circle, carrying with it a portion of the ingredients. This kind of beating can be applied only to a very thick mixture. It is the best method for creaming butter and sugar.

As to Fido's Remains.

"He was a beautiful little dog," said the caller, doing her best to offer sympathy. "It must be a real bereavement to have to lose him. Can't—can't you take his remains to the taxidermist's?"

"I think," said Mrs. Gofrequent, with a fresh burst of tears, "we had already paid the taxes on him."—Chicago Tribune.

Letting Him Down Easy.

"To town I am going tomorrow," she said,
"And trust that you will not feel sorry, dear Fred.
I'll make you a promise, I will, that next year
I'll be your fiancee again if you're here."
—New York Press.

WHIP AND SPUR.

Pittsburg will re-enter the grand circuit next year.

Aluminium fellies are the latest improvement for lightening sulkies.

Hal Pointer is the only horse bred on pacing lines that has beaten 2:05.

Robert J, 2:01½, was bred in Pennsylvania; Nancy Hanks, 2:04, in Kentucky.

The Driving club of Indianapolis has announced that it will hold no more meetings.

Riley Grannan, the plunger, won $30,000 on the dead heat between Domino and Henry of Navarre at Gravesend.

Tom Eck is trying to arrange a race between his protege, John S. Johnson, the cyclist, and Robert J, the pacer.

Professor Nipher now states that the greatest speed a horse can ever make a mile in at a trotting gait is 1:40.

Geers has informed Owner Hamlin that if he wishes Fantasy to go on improving her record she must do much harder work.

In his race with Mascot at Point Breeze recently Saladin was severely injured and may be laid up for the remainder of the season.

Count Esterhazy has roused the ire of the Hungarians by naming one of his race horses Kossuth. They threaten to kill the animal.

Horsemen express the opinion that the two minute horse is not much ahead of this season. Experts expect Robert J to go a mile in 1:59 before cold weather.

Old Tucker, the only horse besides Comanche who escaped death at the Custer massacre, is now in the stables of Company D, United States cavalry, at Fort Brown, Tex.

Byron McClelland is anxious to arrange another race between Domino and Henry of Navarre. Keene, however, is against the proposition, as he believes that the latter is out of sorts.

Carbonate, 2:10, the wonderful 2-year-old, not only won the championship for that age, but also recently did something no other horse has yet accomplished. He broke two records in one week.

CRACKS AT CHICAGO.

Chicago needs more rain and a good deal more soap.—New York World.

Chicago bids fair to be not only the wickedest but the best advertised city in the world.—Milwaukee Journal.

A Chicago scientist claims to have discovered the seat of consciousness. Strange that it should have been found in Chicago.—Detroit Free Press.

The malarial atmosphere of Chicago is disastrous to military discipline. When officers are not shooting each other, they are smashing away at each other's noses.—Minneapolis Tribune.

The average Chicago thief will steal anything from a barlow knife to a bicycle. The thieves of that city have a particular vagary just at present that is puzzling the police. They are stealing iron lampposts from the streets.—Kansas City Star.

The men who started out to capture Chicago were evidently not aware of the magnitude of the job they were undertaking. They should have known that Chicago had annexed parts of three states in preparation for the World's fair.—Omaha Bee.

It is reported from Chicago that a Chinese secret society of that city is laying plans to aid in the overthrow of the present emperor of China. For the study of dynamite methods the Chinamen have chosen the proper place.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

A Chicago writer says, "There's lots more character revealed in a foot than in a hand." For that matter in the case of Chicago women, if reports be true, there's lots more avoirdupois. Amputate a Chicago girl's foot, and the rest of her would go up like a balloon.—Nashville American.

A feature of life within the city limits of Chicago is the holding up of trains on the lonely prairie, the flight of robbers into the pathless woods, a battle between them and the police resembling one of Cooper's Indian fights and their final capture by a skilful ambush. Urban life in Chicago has piquant enjoyments unknown elsewhere.—Portland Oregonian.

THE SILVER FAD.

The use of seed pearls with silver is noted in many brooches and trinkets.

The silver slides for the wrinkled neckbands now in vogue show no decrease in popularity.

Swords in silver are more prominent and undergo new enrichment, with turquoise, seed pearls and enamel.

Silver gilt is decidedly on the increase. It is carried furthest in antique rings, copied from Indian designs, with colored stones sunk in.

Clasps for slipper bows are in numerous pretty devices, of silver, and of silver and enamel, with saw teeth that a spring lets loose and catches the ribbon in its grip.

Among other conspicuous ornaments are the new long silver chains. Many are punctuated with turquoise and pearl. But these are no more attractive than those that depend on the character and plait of the chain alone.

Beltpins have established themselves so long as the present fashion in costumes continue. The advantage of the beltpin is that when its use in the back is over it can come forward and adorn the corsage or pin the baby's bib.

Flower pins are among the most desirable of the novelties and bid fair to hold their own through changes of fashion. These are in enamel, bound with raised silver edges, and the enamel may be chosen to suit the gown or the flower.—Jewelers' Circular.

GASTRIC JUICE.

Canned sardines carefully browned on a double wire gridiron and served with lemon are appetizing.

Tough pieces of meat and bones may be used for making little stews or a little soup stock. All kinds of meats can be combined in making a stew or soup.

A few spoonfuls of almost any kind of meat, fish or vegetable may be heated in a sauce and spread over a plain omelet just before rolling it up, thus giving a change in this dish of eggs.

When using celery seed instead of celery, for which it is an excellent substitute, do not put in too much. If there is more than a little, the decoction, instead of tasting like celery, will taste like varnish.

Eat plums if you want to be pretty. The plum as a prelude to breakfast is simply a charm for the system. After a dinner it is a golden aid to digestion. Eaten in the evening, it cools the blood and delights the palate. Its action on the stomach is medicinal, economical and healthful.

EDUCATIONAL ECHOES.

Girton college girls have a bicycle club.

Columbia's endowment fund is $9,000,000. It is second only to Girard college.

Cambridge university, England, has 12,927 living members or graduates and students combined, according to the calendar just out.

Lieutenant Wirt Robinson of the Fourth artillery regiment has been detailed as professor of military science and tactics at Harvard university.

Nannie Pugh of Strong City, Kan., a graduate of the State university, goes to a chair at Wellesley. The effete east gets education from the west now.

In Holland the schools have a way of teaching languages which makes linguists of the pupils in a short time. At the beginning of a week the pupils are informed that during the next seven days only one particular language will be spoken.

Noticeable.

In autumn we appreciate
The fickleness of fate.
How hard it is your underwear
To get just right in weight!
—Detroit Tribune.

A Commercial Instinct.

Teacher (in the geography class)—Tommy, what is the easiest way to get to the Pacific coast?

Tommy—Git a pass.—Chicago Tribune.

The Old Fashioned Girl.

The old fashioned girl—oh, may the light
Of joy be around her shed,
Who sets the bread for her mother at night
Before she goes to bed.
—Exchange.

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM
High Grade Tobacco
AND
ABSOLUTELY PURE
dec 14 tf fr su we W 2p

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 189 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

CHOICE
Seed Potatoes.
HOULTON
EARLY ROSE.
—o—
Red Rust Proof Oats.
COFFEE, SUGAR, FLOUR,
Meat, Salt,
MOLASSES, &c., &c.
WORTH & WORTH.
jan 17 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.
New York, Wilmington, N. C.
AND
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.
SOUTH PORTLAND, Saturday, Jan. 26
CROATAN, Saturday, Feb. 2
Wilmington for New York.
CROATAN, Saturday, Jan. 26
SOUTH PORTLAND, Saturday, Feb. 2
Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
SOUTH PORTLAND, Tuesday, Jan. 29
CROATAN, Tuesday, Feb. 5
Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.
For freight or passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. Jan 25 tf

STATEMENT
OF THE
Atlantic National Bank
Wilmington, N. C., at close of business December 19, 1894, condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans,		$498,757 77
Overdrafts,		39 08
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds at par,		32,350 00
Banking House and fixtures,		14,600 00
Redemption Fund,		1,455 50
Due from other banks,		208,060 76
Cash on hand,		79,117 43
Total		$829,370 48

LIABILITIES.

Capital,		$125,000 00
Surplus,	$25,000 00	
Undivided Profits,	11,618 22	36,618 22
Circulation,		39,110 00
Deposits,		638,642 26
Total		$829,370 48

	Dec. 19, '92.	Dec. 19, '93.	Dec. '19 '94
Surplus & Net Profits,	$7,545	$36 915	$36 618
Loans,	$20,704	$20,099	$498,757
Banking House, &c.,	16,581	15,500	14,6 0
Premium on U.S. Bonds'	4,765	3,987	None.

Dividends Paid Within Last Year, $7,500.
New York correspondence—Chemical National Bank and Hanover National Bank.
dec 27 tf

Butter, Butter.
15 tubs Butter on consignment and must be sold.
50 bbls. Seed E. Rose Potatoes.
50 bbls. Pork.
25,000 lbs. Dry Sides.
75 lbs. Sugar, 50 bags Coffee. Also Salt. Guano, Peanuts, Molasses and other goods. D. L. GORE.
jan 24 D&W tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.

To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894.
MOVING NORTH.
No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a m.
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.30 a. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a. m

MOVING SOUTH.
No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N.C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9 .00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9 30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.
sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

D. O'Connor,
REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwelling for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash and on improved city real estate june 24 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JAN. 7th, 1895.
DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.
DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 9.20 A M a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.4 p m, Petersburg 5.53 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.45 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.46 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.
DAILY No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 7.00 P M p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 11.12 p m. We don 12.58 a m, Norfolk 10.20 a m, Petersburg 2.45 a m, Richmond 5.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:
DAILY No. 25—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.43 p m, Chadbourn 5.15 p m, Marion 6.31 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkinson 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7 03 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.
ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.
DAILY No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.55 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 3.55 p m, Warsaw 3.49 p m, Magnolia 4.03 a m.
DAILY No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 10.00 a m p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.39 a m, Baltimore 2 12 p m, Washington 5.30 p m, Richmond 7 11 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 8.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7 20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.39 a m.
FROM THE SOUTH.
DAILY No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9 30 a 11 50 A m m, Sanford 1 50 a m, Jacksonville 6 20 p m Savannah 12 00 night, Charleston 4 12 a m, Columbia 8.20 a m, Atlanta 7 15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.10 p M, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.43 p m, Atkins 7.04 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 1.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.3 a m.
†Daily except Sunday.
Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.40 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 30 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.
Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; returning leaves Tarboro 4 50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.
Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 5.00 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 20 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 a m.
Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.
Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.
Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.
Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6 30 p m, arrive Lucknow 1.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4 30 p m; arrive Atkins 8 15 a m and 5.50 p m.
Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 7.40 a m, arrive Latta 8.10 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 8.33 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.38 p m, arrive Pee Dee 6.49 p m, daily except Sunday.
Wilmington, Chadbourn and Conway Railroad leave Hub 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 12.30 p m, leave Conway 2 00 p m, Chadbourn 5 35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.
Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.35 a m, 8.30 a m, 8.50 p m, arrive Darlington 8.15 a m, 9.05 a m, 9.15 p m, Harsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 10.35 a m, Wadesboro 12.30 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m. 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m, Daily except Sunday.
Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 5.31 p m, arrive Lane 7 p m, leave Lanes 8 38, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.
Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.50 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 a m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 8 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.
Wilson and Fayetteville B anch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11 08 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m. Smithfield 3.58 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4 30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 5.55 p m. leave Rowland 8 30 p m, Fayetteville 10.10 a m. 9.19 p m, Dunn 11.03 a m, Smithfield 11.44 a m, Selma 11.53 a m, arrive Wilson 12.42 p m, 11.18 p m.
H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 5 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Jan. 27, 1895.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.		SOUTH BOUND	
4	2			1	3
P M	A M	—WILMINGTON—		M	P M
3 30	7 00	Lv..	Mulberry street ..	Ar	12 00	7 00
	7 15	Lv....	Surry street...	Ar		6 50
4 22	11 17	Lv..	Jacksonville	Lv	10 07	4 30
4 54	10 57	Lv..	Maysville.....	Lv	9 31	3 30
5 08	11 18	Lv..	Pollocksville.....	Lv	9 13	3 00
5 45	12 00	Ar..	Newbern	Lv	8 45	2 30
P M	M				A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Steamers on New River leave Jackson ille at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 3.
H. A. WHITING, General Manager
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. jan 29 tf

JNO. WILDER ATKINSON. WM. MAVO ATKINSON
ATKINSON & SON,
AGENTS
North Carolina Home Ins. Co.
WE OFFER TO THOSE WANTING
INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE
Policies in this Old and Reliable Home Institution. All losses promptly paid
W. S. PRIMROSE, President,
CHARLES ROOT, Secretary.
PULASKI COWPER, Secretary.
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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JAN. 27, 1895

SENATE AND HOUSE.

STRIKING STATEMENTS MADE BY CHAIRMAN WILSON REGARDING THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Revenues Are Increasing and the Present Tariff Bill Will Provide Sufficient for All Purposes—The Senate Endorses President Cleveland's Policy of Non-Intervention in Affairs of Hawaii.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 26.—The Senate to day adopted by a vote of 24 to 22 the substitute offered yesterday by Mr. Vest for the resolution of Mr. Allen (Pop., Neb.) which favored the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands. The substitute reaffirms the policy of absolute non-interference with the affairs of other nations, and declares the administration of President Cleveland in maintaining that policy to deserve the approval and support of the American people. It did not receive a single Republican vote except Mr. Pettigrew. All the Populists—Allen, Kyle, Peffer and Stewart—recorded their votes with the Republicans in the negative.

Among the petitions presented and referred was one by Mr. Butler (Dem., S. C.) from citizens of Newberry county, South Carolina, alleging that "frauds of the most disgraceful and flagrant character were committed" in the late election in that State and requesting that proper measures be adopted by Congress to inquire into them and to punish the parties guilty of them. Referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Senate bill to authorize the city of Charlotte, North Carolina, to beautify and use as a park the United States mint property there, was taken from the calendar and passed.

The last half hour of the day's session was occupied in the delivery of eulogies on the life and public character of the late Representative Charles O'Neil, of Pennsylvania, and at 8 20 p. m. the Senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Some striking statements regarding the financial outlook of the National Treasury were made in the House today by Chairman Wilson, of the Committee on Ways and Means They were uttered in the course of the opening argument on the bill to repeal the provision of the Tariff act which imposes an additional duty of one-tenth of a cent per pound on sugars, molasses and syrups imported from countries which pay an export bounty on these articles. Mr. Wilson, in the beginning, had read the correspondence between Secretary Gresham and the German Ambassador relating to protests of Germany against the adoption of the differential duty, and to the prohibition of American cattle and meat products by Germany. In speaking of the "favored nation" of commercial treaties, Mr. Wilson spoke of Attorney General Olney's interpretation in opposition to that of Secretary Gresham's as an *obiter dictum*. But it was when he came to discuss the financial bearing of the bill that the chairman of the Ways and Means Committee aroused the ironical laughter of Republicans and the enthusiasm of Democrats. He declared there was no danger that the Treasury would default in the payment of the expenditures of the Government; that it could, under present conditions, stand a deficit of $50,000,000 in receipts this year and still pay all obligations; that revenues were increasing and rapidly approaching a point where they would yield a surplus, and that the present Tariff bill would provide sufficient revenues for all purposes. He advocated the repeal of the duty because it was right and just to do so; because it was a protective duty levied for the benefit of the sugar trusts and against the interests of the consumers; because it would remove the irritation of foreign Governments, and because the revenues arising from it were not needed.

Messrs. Meyer and Price of the Louisiana delegation spoke in support of an amendment proposed by the former to increase the duty on raw sugar from 40 to 50 per cent. ad valorem.

Mr. Reed did not open the discussion for the Republicans, but Mr. Payne, of New York, came forward. This fact caused some speculation as to whether or not it meant that Mr. Reed intended to make Mr. Payne chairman of the Ways and Means Committee and the Republican leader on the floors in the Fifty-fourth Congress. Mr. Payne contended that the adoption of the differential duty was not in violation of treaty obligation, and said that if such legislation were to be followed by a commercial war let the war come, but let Congress stand for the rights of the country under its treaties.

The last speaker was Mr. Warner (Dem., N. Y.), who argued that the duty sought to be repealed was not in any degree essential to the refiners of the country, and that the trouble with the sugar planters of Louisiana was a reliance upon the stimulation of the tariff for the support of their business.

GRAIN AND PORVISIONS.

Another Decline in Wheat and Corn and Pork Products.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, January 26.—May wheat opened at 54¼c, sold at 54¼c, declined to 53⅞c@58c and closed at 58c—⅝@⅝c under yesterday. Cash wheat was ¼@½c lower than yesterday.

May corn opened at 45⅞c, declined to 45⅝c, closing at the latter—⅛c under yesterday. Cash corn was firm and ¼c higher nearly, but became easier when the futures declined.

Provisions—The business was barren of feature. Pork declined during the last few minutes on the loss in wheat. May pork was 2½c lower for the day and May lard 5c; May ribs closed unchanged.

BANK STATEMENT

For the Week Ending January 26.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserve increase $415,375; loans decrease, $164,300; specie increase, $3 220 200; legal tenders increase, $3 502,500; deposits decrease, $2 790 800; circulation decrease, $91,900 The banks now hold $45,880,450 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

Goods of last year's stock at a great sacrifice at A. D. Brown's, Read our advertisement in the STAR for further particulars.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 26.—Spirits turpentine dull and easy at 29½c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 85@1 40.

CHARLESTON, January 26.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 27c; receipts 53 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 00@1 05; receipts 377 barrels.

SAVANNAH, January 26—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½c for regulars; sales 192 casks; receipts 114 casks. Rosin opened quiet and unchanged from yesterday; sales 800 barrels; closed firm at the decline; sales 2,400 barrels.

THE BROOKLYN STRIKE.

JUDGE GAYNOR ISSUES AN ALTERNATIVE WRIT OF MANDAMUS

Allowing Officers of the Lines Twenty Days to Answer—The Strike Continues—Troops Still Under Arms—There May Yet be Serious Trouble.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 26.—Judge Gaynor rendered his decision in the application for a writ of mandamus to compel the trolley companies to operate their lines, to-day. From the Judge's expressions in his decision on Thursday, in setting a time for a hearing as to the kind of writ to issue, the opinion was that it would be a peremptory one. This would compel officers of the roads to operate all lines at once or be in contempt of court. The Judge heard arguments yesterday, and to day issued an alternative writ of mandamus. This allows the officers of the lines twenty days to answer, and the question of fact as to whether they have exercised their best endeavors to operate their lines may be tried before a judge or before a jury.

The companies made a great showing of cars in all parts of the city to-day. Two or three lines which ran cars yesterday were idle, owing to wire-cutting; other new lines were started. On some of them only one car was run. The cars were run later this evening than at any time since they were started up. All were stopped at 10 o'clock, however.

The city was comparatively quiet, and but few disturbances occurred. What few there were took place in the suburbs, and were quickly suppressed by the police without any great damage to heads or property. About two dozen arrests were made during the day, mainly for wire-cutting. The troops still remain under arms ready for any emergency that may occur, and no time was fixed for breaking camp at any of the posts. There may yet be serious trouble in Green Point, on the North, in the Gas House district, in the South of the city. But all now looks bright for all except the 6,000 to 7,000 men who went on strike two weeks ago. They have the sympathy of the community. A defeat of the trolley monopoly would cause popular rejoicing, but the trolley seems to be able to ride rough-shod in this town.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Continued Reduction in the Treasury Gold Reserve—President Cleveland Has Decided to Call the Attention of Congress to the Grave Situation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 26.—The Treasury gold reserve was further reduced to-day—$810,000 being withdrawn at New York—and stood at the close of business at $55,869,995. For three hours to-day the financial situation was discussed at the White House by the President, Secretary Carlisle and Attorney General Olney. The result of that conference was not divulged, but it is believed that the President has decided to call the attention of Congress to the Treasury situation; point out anew the grave peril that threatens the ability of the Treasury to redeem in gold its legal tender notes, and thus place upon Congress the responsibility for relieving the situation. This he will do, it is said, in a message to Congress which will, if it can be prepared in time, be sent in Monday; if not, then on Tuesday at the latest.

He will give the amount of gold received from the two bond issues, and show that with an addition of $100,000,000 to the bonded indebtedness within one year, the Treasury possess less gold now than it did February 1, 1894. What remedy he will suggest is not known, but the President, who has kept constantly informed of the situation, is known to have said that remedies of a simple but effective character can be applied to strengthen the public credit and put a stop to further gold exports If Congress, after receiving his message, fails to speedily act, the old law under which the bond issues have already been made will again be invoked and another bond issue, probably of $100,000,000 be announced.

GOLD EXPORTS.

Over $6,000,000 For the Past Week.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, January 26.—The gold exports to-day, according to corrected returns, will foot up $6,650,000, Arbuckle Brothers having decided at the last moment to reduce their shipment to $500,000. Of the total given above $3,089 000 were forwarded by the steamship La Bourgogne and $3,650,000 by the Lucania. The total exports for the week reached $7,150,000 and the largest on record were $7,975 000, for the week ending June 23rd, 1894. Foreign bankers believe that the Lahnon, Tuesday next, will take out about $3,000,000 This morning Ladenburg, Thalman & Co. withdrew $350,000 from the sub-Treasury and the Bank of New York $250,000.

The Philadelphia mint has forwarded $3 000,000 gold coin to the sub-Treasury. It is announced that the foreign insurance companies who make a specialty of insuring gold shipment have reduced the rate to 60c per $1,000. Not long ago $1 26 per $1,000 was charged. This is quite important to shippers who have to do the closest sort of figuring to get a profit. It is stated that under the law all payments for gold bars sold by the Treasury must be made in gold coin. The purchasers of the $1,500,000 bars yesterday presented legal tender and Treasury notes, got the gold coin and then paid it back for the bars.

The withdrawals of gold for the week were nearly $14 000 000, of which a little over 50 per cent. were forwarded. It is surmised that the balance has found its way into the vaults of the National banks and out of town correspondents.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The Total Visible Supply of Cotton—New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 26.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 4 896,988 bales, of which 4 076,788 are American, against 4,604,910 and 4,088,701 bales respectively last year. Receipts this week at all interior towns 183,312 bales. Receipts from the plantations 189,369 bales. Crop in sight 7,723 588 bales.

The *Sun* says: Cotton advanced one to three points and closed quiet, with sales of 25,700 bales. New Orleans advanced three points and then lost part of this Liverpool was one-half point lower to one-half point higher and closed quiet and steady with spot sales of 8,000 bales at unchanged prices. Port receipts 32,906 bales, against 28,102 this day last week and 24,149 last year. Print cloths were firmer with a moderate business. New Orleans receipts on Monday are estimated at 15,000 to 17,000 bales, against 13,545 last Monday and 6,389 last year. The New York warehouse stock is now 122,000 bales, against 226,000, 298,000, 360,000, 93,000 and 116,000, the sales the previous five years. It was a very narrow market, and a little covering caused a small advance. The receipts at the ports were smaller to-day, but the estimates for New Orleans on Monday, which was received here after 'Change hours, was large.

Remember to-morrow is Davis & Zoeller's Bargain Day.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

PARTURE OF CHINESE PEACE ENVOYS FROM SHANGHAI FOR JAPAN.

Chinese Forces Defeated in the Management at Soo-Yang—The French Ministerial Crisis.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, January 26.—The *Central News* correspondent at Shanghai says the Chinese peace envoys, with their suites, started for Japan to-day.

The correspondent of the *Central News* at Tokio telegraphs as follows: "Gen. Nodzu, in command of the Japanese forces at Hai-Ching, sends a dispatch that upon the night of the 22d, expecting to be re-attacked by the Chinese armies at Lao Yang, he arranged his defence in such a manner as to draw the enemy within six hundred metres of his battle line. His ruse proved successful and the Fifth Infantry brigade, with three batteries suddenly attacked the enemy's right flank. The surprise was complete, and the Chinese forces were scattered in great confusion. The reserve Japanese infantry attacked the left flank of the retreating Chinese, who were fleeing towards the Northeast. Their panic increased as they fled, and there were many prisoners captured. From the statements of the prisoners it is learned that the Tartar General, Chang Sung, was in command of the Chinese forces and that their force consisted of 12,000 infantry."

PARIS, Jan. 26.—The *Journal Des Debates* is the only one of the Paris newspapers that supports the Premiership of Ribot. The other papers denounce the anglomania of M. Ribot and predict disastrous results from his administration. Nevertheless M. Ribot went to the Palace of the Elysee at 11 o'clock to-day and definitely accepted the task of forming a Ministry. It is expected that he will have completed a Cabinet to-night.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Two Ladies Plundered of Their Money and Valuables Near Birmingham, Ala.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., January 26—This afternoon at 2 o'clock, while coming to the city in their buggy, Mrs. Letcher and Miss Moncrief, of Easley City, were stopped by a highwayman at the State fair grounds, four miles from the city, and forced to surrender their cash and valuables to him. He carried a pistol, but did not attempt to use it. The highwayman was a white man but had blackened his face.

He compelled the women to pull off their gloves; took them and turned them wrong side out, took their handkerchiefs, purses, wraps, lap-robe and other loose articles. Then he made them get out of the buggy, whereupon he took out the seat and examined the buggy closely for any thing that might be secreted about it. After satisfying himself that they had nothing more of value he told them to move on.

Coming to the city, they reported the matter to Sheriff Morrow, and he took two deputies and went in search of the robber. A merchant named Goodwin had come to the city to get money with which to pay off some work hands, and in returning he would have to pass the spot where the women were robbed, and it is believed the highwayman was waiting for him and only robbed the two women for amusement. The robbery occurred at a place where a merchant named Thornton was robbed and killed before the holidays.

MARINE DISASTER.

Twelve Lives Lost in the Storm on Long Island Sound Friday Night.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW LONDON, CONN., Jan. 26.—The worst disaster that has happened in years in Long Island Sound, occurred last night and became known this morning when the tug Sea King, Capt. Olmstead, arrived in this harbor in a thick fog. The Sea King left Hammonds Flats Thursday evening about 5 o'clock with fair weather and light west winds. She was bound to Providence and Newport with five barges, all but one of the fleet consigned to Providence. The barges were coal-laden, and carried 3,500 tons. The Sea King came through to the race last night about 5 o'clock, with a light west wind prevailing and clear weather, which continued till nearly 11 o'clock, at which time the tow was six miles west of Point Judith. Then the wind shifted to eastward, and at 12 o'clock had increased to a gale from east-southeast. The sea was terrific, running with tremendous force and making a clean breach over the sturdy tug, flooding her cabin, and the air was filled with blinding snow so that it was impossible to see the length of the craft. Capt. Olmstead and Pilot Wm. Dodd were at the wheel of the Sea King. They headed the tug off shore and she pulled away with the long tow behind her until 2 o'clock. The storm was as fierce then as ever. It was then seen that the tow had broken apart and that the barges were going adrift and several were seen to founder. The head barge of the tow foundered about six o'clock this morning and then the immense hawser that held her was cut. The tug lay by in the vicinity until 2 30 o'clock to rescue any of the people aboard the barges. One man and a boy were taken from the barge, just before she went down, but to save another life was impossible, for the tug could not get alongside the barge nor dare she turn from heading the sea. She did finally turn and took off the crew of the Nettie. There were twelve lives lost by the disaster, four women and eight men. As soon as the Sea King took off the Nettie's crew and it was apparent that no other lives could be saved, the tug ran for this harbor to escape the tremendous fury of the storm. She had labored heroically to make headway against the wind and sea, but no power could enable her to do that. The names of the lost are: Capt. Frank Hoffman, Mrs. Frank Hoffman, Miss Hoffman, a deck hand, one of the barge Crocus' crew; Capt. Hartshoe, Mrs. Hartshoe, a deck-hand of the barge Eagle; Captain Harty Tucker, and a deck-hand of barge Albert M.; captain of barge Singie, his wife and a deck-hand. The names could not be ascertained on the Sea King when she arrived here. The sea outside was terrific to-day and a dense fog prevailed. Captains Olmstead and Dodd say that their experience was the worst they ever encountered and that but few tugs could have withstood the drubbing the Sea King got.

The Business Men's Association of Norfolk, Va., have started a subscription for the erection of a cotton mill there. It was ascertained that a large amount of money could be had at once from local capitalists to put into such an enterprise.

A through freight train on the Southern Railway, west-bound, ran into a rock slide six miles west of Salisbury, N. C., yesterday morning. Fireman W. L. Simmerson was killed and two train hands injured. The engine and two cars were derailed.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

MEXICO AND GUATEMALA

A Special Envoy Sent to Mexico to Negotiate an Adjustment of Difficulties.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 26.—A Guatemalan special says: Senor De Leon, the special Envoy sent to Mexico to negotiate an adjustment of the difficulties over the boundary line between the countries, telegraphs that Mexico is making active preparations for war. Upon receipt of this news the Guatemalan authorities wired to Senor De Leon, authorizing him to make concessions if no further delay can be obtained.

CITY OF MEXICO, January 26.—The morning newspapers preserve strict silence as to the Government's programme in the dispute with Guatemala. At the Departments all inquirers are met with absolute refusal to discuss the situation, although an official statement in the near future is expected. Guatemala's reply to Mexico's final demands is still a Cabinet secret, although numberless wild rumors as to its contents are spread hourly.

Last night there was a report that Senor Mariscall, of the Foreign Office, had received notice from Guatemala that she was ready to grant Mexico's request as to the frontier lands and to indemnify the country for the expenses incurred incidentally to the dispute. To-day this report was denied officially.

An extra force of men worked in the citadel and arms factory all night. The Twenty-fifth Infantry Regiment is here preparing for heavy marching.

REBELLION IN COLOMBIA

Martial Law Proclaimed—Revolutionists Moving on the Capital.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 26.—The *Tribune* will say to-morrow: "A rebellion has broken out in the United States of Colombia, which is of such importance that the agents of New York merchants in that country have telegraphed orders to stop shipments of goods and cancelled all orders for the present. The revolution is the result of a long-premeditated scheme against the Government, which first assumed definite form on the death of President Nunez. On Friday the revolution broke out in Cundinamarca. Yesterday it had assumed such proportions that the entire nation was placed under martial law, and the national troops have started for the scene of rebellion. Bogota has been placed in a state of siege, as the revolutionists are said to be approaching the capital.

SEVERE WIND STORM.

Fatalities Caused by a Cyclone in Louisiana and Alabama.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ABBEVILLE, ALA., January 26.—A cyclone struck the western portion of this parish yesterday morning, about 9 o'clock, doing considerable damage, blowing down trees, fences and telephone wire. The house of Mr. Spien was blown to pieces, one of his children killed and another seriously injured. The cyclone came from the southwest, and was accompanied by a heavy mist.

NEW IBERIA, La., Jan. 26.—A cyclone of considerable violence passed over the eastern end of this city at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, blowing down a shingle factory, fences, some small houses and uprooting trees. No lives were lost. At Crowley a heavy wind and rain storm prevailed. The residence of D. M. Miller, at Port Legar, was completely demolished. Miller was killed and his children were badly, but not fatally injured. A number of buildings were unroofed and others demolished.

WARM WIRELETS.

The cruiser Detroit reached Colombo, Ceylon, yesterday on her way to China.

The Navy Department has been advised of the San Francisco at Gibralter and the Atlanta at Colon. The latter vessel reports all quiet at Bluefields.

The wrecking steamer J. J. Merritt, in trying to save the tug Manati, off Kill Devil Hill, N. C., Friday night, stranded two miles south of the station. Her crew of twenty-six men were saved in the breeches buoy.

The steamship Lahn, which arrived at New York yesterday, brought 750,000 francs gold consigned to Heidelbach & Ickleheimer & Co., and 700 000 francs gold to Hoskier, Wood & Co.

Reports from all over the West and Northwest indicate that Friday night's snow storm was the severest for years. From four to nine inches fell, and business and traffic everywhere was impeded.

Professor Charles F. Meserve, President of the Shaw University, has been elected special agent of the National Indian Rights' Association to succeed Professor C. C. Pointer. Professor Meserve was taken totally by surprise when he was informed of his appointment. He has the matter under advisement.

Lesaar Literary Society.

Mr. H. E. Bonitz returned from Raleigh last evening, where he had been to attend the meeting of the Lesaar Literary Society. The *News and Observer* says:

"President E. S. Darden made the opening address, in a brief but pleasing way, welcoming the audience and introducing the representative of the Lesaar Charter Class Memorial Association, Mr. H. E. Bonitz, of Wilmington.

"Mr. Bonitz told the history of the Association, how it was formed in memory of the two members of the Society and the Class of '93 who died while attending this college. He paid a glowing tribute to the memory of his dead classmates. Messrs Black and Smith."

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St Paul's Church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev F N Skinner, rector. Third Sunday after the Epiphany. Services at 11 a m and 7.30 p m. Sunday school at 3.30 p m. All seats free.

St Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, corner of Market and Sixth streets, Rev K Boldt, pastor. Third Sunday after Epiphany. German service at 11 a m, English service at 7 30 p m. Sunday school at 3 p m. Meeting of the Christian Association at 4.30 p m.

Rev W S Rone, Presiding Elder of the Wilmington District, will preach this morning at 11 and this evening at 7.30 o'clock, at Fifth Street Methodist church.

Services in St John's church to-day by the rector, Rev Dr Carmichael, at 7.30 and 11 a m and 4.30 p m. Sunday school 3 30 p m.

Services in Seamen's Bethel to-day at 3 p m, conducted by Rev Dr Carmichael. All seafaring men are most cordially invited to attend.

COLORED CHURCHES.

At the Central Baptist Church, corner Seventh and Red Cross streets, Rev L T Christmas pastor. There will be preaching to-day at 10 30 a m, 3 p m and 7 30 p m. Sunday School at 12 m. Visitors, friends and strangers welcome.

HOUSEHOLD RECIPES.

BREAD PUDDING.—Take a pound of stale bread and pour over it a quart of boiling milk. Let it soak one or two hours, then rub it quite fine with the hands. Add four or five beaten eggs, a tablespoonful of cinnamon, or any kind of spice, two cups of sugar and a little chopped suet or a quarter of a pound of butter. Bake or boil it two hours.

SUCCOTASH OF DRIED BEANS.—Soak either lima or colored beans overnight. Drain. Put into cold water, add a little soda and parboil, skimming carefully. Drain off the water. Add fresh hot water, a teaspoonful of brown sugar, and boil. Then add slices of salt, fat pork and cook till tender. Have your corn ready and season well. Put into the beans; add a piece of butter. Serve with good brown bread. The corn may be either canned or dried, which has been soaked and cooked.

CRANBERRY SAUCE.—Pour very hot water upon the fruit, as it will then be easy to pick out the bad ones. Measure them and put them into the preserving kettle, with water enough to cover them. Stir them very often and be careful not to boil them too fast. Crush the fruit as it boils with a wooden spoon. When the berries are crushed, add a pint of fine sugar for every quart of berries, and allow them to boil gently 15 minutes, stirring them almost all the time. Wet in cold water moulds or bowls of a size to hold sauce enough for use at one dinner. Many persons prefer to strain the sauce through a colander fine enough to keep back the skins before putting it into the moulds

COTTON MILL PROFITS.

One Who Knows Says the Average Profits Double Those of Other Industries.

Joseph Walker, President of the Merchants' and Farmers' Bank of Spartanburg, S. C., writes as follows:

The establishment of cotton mills in our section has greatly benefited the business interests of our community, and has materially added to the business and prosperity of our city. They have improved the financial condition of the farms adjacent to the mills, which is shown by the enbancement of the farm lands lying in the immediate vicinity of the factories, while lands remote from them have shown no such increase. The capital is partly local and partly foreign. The cotton mills in this section have all proven profitable, and their average profits are probably twice as large as the average profits of other industries in this State. I regard the investment of capital by local as well as outsiders in well-organized Southern cotton mills a very judicious investment. There are now three large cotton mills—one at Gaffney, one at Clinton and one at Tucapau—in this county in course of constructing. This is being done by foreign and local capital, which shows much confidence in their success in this immediate section.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—626 bales cotton.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—196 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 89 bbls rosin, 48 bbls tar, 19 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—78 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 47 bbls rosin, 47 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—158 bales cotton, 62 casks spirits turpentine, 27 bbls rosin, 8 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—1 cask spirits turpentine, 11 bbls rosin, 62 bbls tar.

Total receipts.—Cotton, 1,058 bales; spirits turpentine, 86 casks; rosin, 124 bbls; tar, 165 bbls; crude turpentine, 19 bbls.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 10 cents per line, each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance. Fractions of lines counted as whole lines.

For Sale—One Pool table and one Billiard table complete. In good condition; one year in use Apply or write to Sternberger & Co., Wholesale Liquor Dealers, Wilmington, N. C. jan 27 1w

Salesman wanted to sell the Rapid Dish Washer to the wholesale and retail trade. Washes and dries the dishes in two minutes without wetting the fingers; $75 a week and all expenses. Easy position; no hard work. Can make $100 a week. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. jan 24 6t

Ginger-Snaps and Lemon cakes, flour and molasses, full line of tobaccos; strong and sweet snuff a specialty. We handle on commission and guarantee highest prices for cotton, timber, naval stores and country produce of all kinds. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. tf

Hayden, F. B., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

Beautiful Photographs.—I have just received the finest line of Photographic accessories and scenery ever brought to Wilmington. To introduce it cut this out and bring it to me and I will give you 25 cents for it provided you take twelve of my best Cabinets. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. c21

John S. McEachern, 211 Market street, Dealer in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 99. c21

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer for quality, Portner's Beer for everybody. That's the reason they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c21

Spirittine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spirittine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spirittine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the Spirittine remedies c21

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old newspapers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 23 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS HAIR GROWER

And HAIR and SCALP Cleaner.

The only preparation that will restore the Hair in all its elegance, and is a positive and perfect safe cure for Baldness. Stops hair from falling. Makes it grow thick and long. Is no DYE. Seven Sutherland Sister's Scalp Cleaner is the only Dandruff cure. For Shampooing it has no equal. Price, Hair Grower, $1, six bottles or $5. Scalp Cleaner, 50 cents. See the photograph of the Seven Sutherland Sisters (group) on every box. Ladies should not fail to see the Seven Sutherland Sisters' Dressing Combs.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS,
Sole Manufacturers, N. Y. City.

The ladies of Wilmington are particularly requested to call at the Drug store of

J. Hicks Bunting,
Y. M. C. A. Building,

and see the young lady with long beautiful hair. jan 27 tf

REMEMBER!

We pay your Car Fare on all purchases over

$2.00.

SPECIAL VALUES IN

Table Linens.

Pure Linen Table Cloths 25 cents.

Turkey Red Table Cloths 20c.

Doylets 35 cents a dozen and upwards.

CUT PRICES IN

Carpets, Rugs, Window Shades, MATTINGS, DOOR MATS, &c., at

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Phone 118. Fourth Street Bridge. jan 27 tf

A NEW THING

FOR WILMINGTON.

WE INTEND TO HAVE THE ONLY ONE Price Store in this city. We are marking down all our stock to the very lowest prices they can possibly be sold at and will not take of a penny for anyone. We don't see why we should ask $1 50 for an article that we can afford to sell for $1 25 or $1. But if we can take $1 why not only ask $1 and sell or not sell at once. There are some of our customers that would not buy from us or a yone else if we don't fall on the price, but from now they will have to stop trading with us till they get convinced that they are losing money by not trading at the

One Price

Bargain House. In regard to prices we intend to try as all alike; Rich or Poor will all pay the same.

See just a few of our prices 38-inch all wool Henriettas, the latest Spring shades, for 50c, were 75c last year.

Fruit of Loom yard wide Bleaching 7½c, other grades 5c and 6c; Rockingham Amoskeag, one yard wide, best made 5c. Sea Island, 1 yard wide, 5c; other grades cheaper; checks from 5½c to 5c. Plaid Silks, just received, best spring shades for short waists, 45c per yard, 38-inch all wool Henriettas in the latest spring shades 50c, was 75c last year; gingham at 7c was 10c last year; ladies' solid leather button shoes 79c, was $1 last year; Lace shoes 75c, were $1 last year; other grades—Prices $1.25, $1.50, $2 00; Misses' shoes from 75c to $2 50.

A full line of slippers for children for Spring 60c, 65c and 98c; Good oil finished window shades 35c; Good spring roller shades 75c. Gents' clothing, Carpets and cloaks are also closing out at cost.

We are running three floors, and all are packed full of bargains.

RACKET STORE.

Opposite the Market, 117 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C. jan 27 tf

Thorburn's Extra Early

Seed Potatoes,

THE EARLIEST

Seed Potatoes in the World.

That is what we remarked and what we guarantee. We also have a hundred barrels left of Houlton Early Rose; these we also guarantee to be the best stock.

Write for circular and price list.

DOZIER & LEE,
Jobbing Grocers,
jan 27 tf Wilmington, N. C.

OPERA HOUSE.

WEDNESDAY JAN. 30th, 1895.

Only appearance this season of the eminent Tragedian

ROBERT DOWNING.

Accompanied by the Beautiful and Charming Eugenie Blair, in a Grand Double Comedy Bill

"DAVID GARRICK,"
AND
"FRENCH MARRIAGE."

Box Sheet opens Monday morning at Yates' Book Store. jan 27 3t

DON'T

Buy a Bicycle until you have seen and examined our 1895 Victors, which will be here Friday. Weighs from 15 to 30 pounds.

20 pound Crescent Scorcher $90 00
23 " Crescent No. 1 75.00
21 " Boy's Wheel 25.00

For sale at
HEINSBERGER'S.

jan 24 tf

There is Something in This!

MY Business is purely a personally conducted one and all prescription work entrusted to my care will have, and only have, my Personal Attention. See

JAS. D. NUTT,
jan 27 tf The Druggist.

Consignments Wanted.

We solicit Consignments of Cotton, Spirits, Rosin, Chickens, Eggs, &c., &c. All have our prompt and personal attention.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
Jan 27 tf DaW 208 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ODDS AND ENDS SALE

FOR THE NEXT TEN DAYS.

It will pay you to call and see what we are offering at a

Special Bargain.

Gentlemen's Wear.

Gent's Undershirts at 25c each, former price 40c.

Gent's Undershirts at 18c each, former price 25c.

Gent's Undershirts at 35c each, former price 50c.

Gent's Undershirts at 45c each, former price 65c.

Gent's Undershirts, all-wool, regular price $1.20, reduced to 75c each.

Gent's Natural Wool Undershirts at 75c, regular price $1.25.

Gent's Double Breasted Undershirts at $1.25 each, regular price $2.

Gent's Red Flannel Undershirts 63c each, regular price $1.00.

Gent's Fancy Wool Undershirts at 85c, regular price $1.25.

Gent's Fleece Ribbed Undershirts at 45c, reduced from 75c,

LINEN COLLARS.—Job lot of Linen Collars (4 ply) at 5c each, reduced from 12½c.

Gent's Unlaundered Shirts at 25c, regular price 50c each.

Sweaters.—One lot of Sweaters at 35c each, regular price 50c.

Ladies' Wear.

Remnants to start with. We have no end of them, at your own price.

One lot of Jackets, reduced from $3.00 and $4.00 to $1.50 each.

One lot of Cloaks at $4.00 and $6.00, reduced from $10.00 and $15 each.

One lot of Percale at 5c a yard.

One lot Cotton Rib Shirts at 35c, regular price 50c each.

Job lot of Ladies' Vests at 18c each, reduced from 25c.

One lot of Seamless Hose at 10c a pair, regular price 15c.

One lot Wool Dress Goods to be sold regardless of cost.

Special prices in Lace Edging.

One lot of Embroidered Edging—prices to suit you.

Special prices in Ladies' and Gentlemen's Underwear.

C. E. Gordon,

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N. B.—Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Jan 25 tf

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